

START HERE: Installing IRIX 6.5.24

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These pages contain a list of key new features and changes for IRIX 6.5.24.

To see the list of key features and changes for the IRIX 6.5 and IRIX 6.5.1 through 6.5.23 releases, see the previous IRIX features page.

Look for information about the IRIX 6.5 release family on Supportfolio Online (<http://support.sgi.com/6.5>) and <http://www.sgi.com/>.

For details on any of these new features and changes, refer to the release notes.

Please be aware that some features listed here are only applicable for certain software bundles or hardware configurations.

Before You Install Checklist

1. Make Sure Your System Can Run IRIX 6.5.24

See the Minimum Requirements page to confirm that IRIX 6.5.24 is supported on your system.

Because IRIX 6.5.x (that is, 6.5.1, 6.5.2, and so on) releases are cumulative, you do not need to upgrade to the previous IRIX 6.5.x release in order to upgrade to a new one.

Similarly, if you are running a pre-6.5 version of IRIX you can install the IRIX 6.5 and 6.5.x software at the same time. For example, by following the instructions in the *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet, you can upgrade directly from IRIX 6.2 to 6.5.24.

2. Check For Important Caveats That Affect Your Installation

Review the special Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade. These caveats may include key details that significantly affect your installation process. (You want to print the entire page, because it also contains Caveats to Read After You Upgrade. This way, you will not have to look them up after installation.)

Beginning with the IRIX 6.5.4 release, a *New_IRIX_Info* icon can be found on the WhatsNew page in the Icon Catalog. When you click on this icon, a web page opens and provides descriptions of the key new features and changes of this IRIX release.

After you install IRIX, users can access the *New_IRIX_Info* icon from their desktops through the following pulldown menu:

Toolchest > Find > Icon Catalog > WhatsNew

The information displayed is the same Key New Features and Changes information included in this Start Here (see step 6 below).

Note: The IRIX Welcome product is located on the Installation Tools and Overlays CDs (either CD 1 of 4 or 2 of 4, depending on which stream you are installing) in the */dist* directory; it is installed by default. The IRIX Welcome product must be installed in order for the *New_IRIX_Info* icon to be included in the WhatsNew page of the Icon Catalog.

3. **Confirm That The Applications You Rely On Are Supported**

If you *rely on* any applications that are not bundled with this release, do not upgrade until you can confirm that they are supported on the IRIX 6.5 release family and/or until you have access to the IRIX 6.5-compatible version of such applications. Check the Software Product Knowledge Database at the *Supportfolio Online* site (<http://support.sgi.com/irix/6.5>) to help you with IRIX 6.5 compatibility questions.

The best way to confirm application compatibility is to either check the SPK database if you received the application from SGI, or check with the third-party product vendor if you received the application from the product vendor.

A few examples are given in the Caveats section.

4. **Create A Full System Backup**

If you are upgrading from a pre-6.5 version of IRIX, then create a full system backup before upgrading to a new operating system. If, for any reason, you need to return to a previous operating system after the upgrade, you can use a full system backup tape or filesystem to do so. If you are upgrading from IRIX 6.5 or 6.5.x to IRIX 6.5.24, a full system backup is not required, but we encourage you to back up your system fully during any operating system installation or upgrade. Instructions for backing up and restoring workstations can be found in the online *Personal System Administration Guide*. For servers, use the `backup(1)` and `restore(1)` commands; refer to the online book *IRIX Admin: Backup, Security, and Accounting* for details. If you don't know where to find these books, see the General Documentation section

5. **(Optional) Read About The CDs You Will Use**

Are you upgrading from IRIX 6.5 or 6.5.x to IRIX 6.5.24?

Then you only need to install the IRIX 6.5.24 CDs, unless you want to switch release streams (in which case you will also need the base IRIX 6.5 CDs). (To switch release streams, see the *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet.)

Are you upgrading a system running a pre-6.5 version of IRIX, or installing onto a clean disk?

If so, you need to install both the IRIX 6.5 and 6.5.24 CDs (except for the IRIX 6.5 Installation Tools CD).

For a summary of the contents of the CDs, see the CD Descriptions page.

For a full listing of the contents of the IRIX 6.5.24 and 6.5 CDs, see the CD Contents page.

6. ***(Optional)* Check For Key Changes In This Upgrade**

To find out about key changes in this upgrade, check the Key New Features and Changes list. For specific details about changes in each individual software product, see the product release notes.

7. ***(Optional)* Request A License Password**

If you need a license password for any of the optional applications that require a license password, you can refer to the Software License site (<http://www.sgi.com/support/licensing/>) for details.

8. **Register Your System with SGI**

Register your system with SGI to protect your investment and enable you to receive important updates. To register your system go to the online system registration page at <http://www.support.sgi.com/custreg>.

Do you have questions that remain unanswered? See the resources section.

Resources

This section lists the resources that are available to you before and during installation, or during configuration and use of your SGI system.

IRIX 6.5 Overview Information

This section provides information about hardware system platforms and peripherals, the IRIX CD descriptions, internationalization, and supported third-party software.

Supported Hardware System Platforms and Peripherals

To find out more information about the supported hardware and peripherals, see the Minimum Requirements page.

CD Descriptions

See the CD Descriptions page for a detailed description about each CD.

Internationalization

See the Language and Cultural Support page for information on how to set up your system for

different locales.

Supported Third-Party Software

To find out about supported third-party software and peripherals, see the SGI Applications & Solutions Directory (<http://www.sgi.com/products/appsdirectory.dir/appsdirectory.html>), a comprehensive guide to over 3,100 third-party software applications, peripherals, and services for SGI workstations and servers.

Freeware

SGI's Freeware web page <http://freeware.sgi.com> provides free downloads of many powerful open-source applications, packaged for convenient over-the-web installation onto your IRIX system. Graphics, design, development, media, desktop, utilities, web serving, system administration, and games software are available, including GNOME, KDE, Gimp, CDrecord, TeX/LaTeX, ViewFax, PlotUtils, Abiword, Gnumeric, Samba, Sharity, Mpg123, and many others.

General Documentation

This section provides information on the types of documentation that are available with this IRIX release.

Release Notes

You can access release notes for each software product in a few different ways, including:

- **Before installation**, you can use the Base Documentation CD.
- **On systems running 6.3 or later**, you can use Software Manager to read the release notes by selecting the product name from the distribution list and choosing Selected > Release Notes... .
- **After installation**, choose Release Notes from the Toolchest Help menu.

Check for **Caveat and Release Note Updates**, which contain late-breaking information, at Supportfolio Online.

IRIX Man Pages

The IRIX man pages are available on the Technical Publications Library Web site at <http://techpubs.sgi.com>.

IRIX Manuals

Installed | Printed | On the Web

Installed

SGI documentation is installed by default. Most applications have a Help menu or Help button. You can also use the Help menu on the Toolchest.

Some things you will find under Toolchest > Help:

- **InfoSearch:** "One-stop shopping" and searching for virtually all installed documentation, including online books, Man pages and Release Notes. (To launch InfoSearch from the command line, enter `infosearch` in a shell.)
- **Quick Answers:** Quick answers to common questions related to the tasks and tools that are a part of your system's end user software environment, including personal system administration tasks. Includes search capability.
- **Hints and Shortcuts:** A visual overview of hints and shortcuts for the IRIX Interactive Desktop.
- **Online Books:** A searchable library of online books.

Note: You can also access online documentation before (and after) installation, by using the Base Documentation CD.

Printed

Each system comes with an Owner's Guide. Hardware boards and peripherals also come with printed documentation. In addition, some hardware documentation is shipped online, and most hardware documentation can also be found on the Technical Publications Library Web site (listed below).

On the Web

Another place to find general documentation is on the Web:

- <http://techpubs.sgi.com>

The IRIX 6.5 bookshelf on the Technical Publications Library Web site allows you to access all IRIX 6.5 books on the Web. It includes hardware books as well. You can search for a manual by entering its title or document number in the keyword search. You can download PDF files by clicking on the book's download link.

- <http://www.sgi.com/developers/technology/index.html>

Tech Focus provides easy access to FAQs (Frequently Asked Questions), Newsgroups and much more.

Technical Support

SGI Technology Solutions

Complete information about SGI Technology Solutions, including worldwide support contact information, can be found at <http://www.sgi.com/support/supportcenters.html>.

Telephone Support

Obtaining service is easy. Simply contact the SGI Customer Support Center(CSC) for person-to-person technical assistance. The SGI CSC provides assistance in the following areas:

- Hardware and software telephone technical support
- Opening a service call or checking the status of an existing call
- Requesting on-site assistance or replacement parts
- Ordering spare parts

Service is provided in accordance with your system's current level of support. Service varies by warranty coverage and support program.

Online Support

Supportfolio Online (<http://support.sgi.com/>) provides you with online access to software downloads, technical help, including the SGI Knowledgebase, service call logging and tracking, and much more. You can also sign up for our email notification service to automatically receive updates on new support information and features.

Sign up for your free Supportfolio ID. It's easy and quick.

To experience the benefits of all of Supportfolio's features, you must have a support contract with a software component.

General Software Patches

Information about software patches that apply to the general user environment can also be found on Supportfolio (under the Browse Collections and Downloads sections).

Minimum Requirements and Supported Platforms

Memory and Disk Space Requirements

- **Memory.** For all supported systems, the minimum memory requirement is 64MB.
- **Disk Space.** A standard, default installation of IRIX 6.5 plus IRIX 6.5.24m occupies approximately 1.5 gigabytes (GB) of disk space.

A 2GB or larger hard drive is recommended, although it is possible to limit your installations so that you can run 6.5 on less than 1GB, as shown in the example below.

Example of a "Minimal IRIX" Upgrade

What follows is an example of how you could install a *very* minimal IRIX 6.5.24 on less than 1GB--by substituting these installation commands for the installation selection part of the IRIX upgrade. This "minimal IRIX" example occupies about 500MB on an Indy, and does not include any of the online books or man pages.

```
Inst> keep *
```

```
Inst> install required
```

```
Inst> install default eoe 4Dwm desktop_base x_eoe desktop_eoe netscape
```

```
Inst> keep *.books *.man
```

```
Inst> install prereqs
```

Supported Platforms

You can upgrade from IRIX 5.3, or IRIX 6.2 through 6.5.23.

IRIX 6.5.24 supports the following SGI systems:

- Origin® 2000 (now also includes the Cray Origin® 2000 systems)
- SGI® Onyx®300
- SGI® Onyx®3000
- SGI® Origin®200
- SGI® Origin®300
- SGI® Origin® 3000 server series
- Silicon Graphics® Fuel™
- Silicon Graphics® O2®
- Silicon Graphics® O2+™
- Silicon Graphics® Octane®
- Silicon Graphics® Onyx2®
- Silicon Graphics® Onyx4™ UltimateVision™

Obsolete Peripherals and Software

The following are not supported in 6.5.24:

- 3D File Translators
- 4DDN™
- 4DLT™
- AppleTalk®
- Display PostScript/X
- DynaWeb
- EISA Sync Serial Card
- FDDIVisualyzer™
- GIO Sync Serial Card

- GIO Token Ring
- Hibernator II
- InPerson®
- IRIS® 5080 Emulator
- IRIS Annotator™
- IRIS Channel Adapter
- IRISxfr mainframe software
- IRIXpro™
- IRIXpro™ Proconf
- Molecular Inventor
- Netscape® Fasttrack Server
- Novell NetWare™ client
- On-Line Registration
- PeoplePages
- Propel
- SNAserver
- SX.25
- Tooltalk Dev
- USL C++ Translator V3.0.1
- Vigna VME audio board
- VLAN software 1.0 for IRIX 6.5
- VME Sync Serial Card
- VME Token Ring Card

To Install

IRIX Operating System Installation Methods

The installation instructions for installing/upgrading the IRIX operating system in the *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet use either the `Inst` command line program or the Software Manager program, the graphical version of `Inst` that uses a graphical user interface (GUI). To obtain more details on either of these programs, see the following:

- For more information on using `Inst`, you have a few options:
 - See the online book, *IRIX Admin: Software Installation and Licensing* (choose Help > Online Books from the Toolchest, or use the Base Documentation CD).
 - Use the command line help provided in `Inst` by entering `help help` at the `Inst` prompt.
 - See the `inst(1M)` man page.
- For more details on using `Software Manager`, use the Software Manager (`swmgr(1M)`) Help menu.

IRIX Operating System Installation Instructions

After you have read through the Before You Install Checklist, return to the relevant installation instructions in the *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet that came with your CDs.

PDF file of *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet.

If you ever need to return to the IRIX 6.5 release, follow the "Installing an Intermediate Release on IRIX 6.5 or Later" instructions in the *IRIX 6.5 Installation Instructions* CD booklet, but use the selection commands given for switching to the *maintenance* release. Also, use the core 6.5 CDs in addition to any other relevant CDs for the release to which you are downgrading.

Key New Features and Changes

The goal of the IRIX 6.5 release family is to provide a high quality and stable operating system for all SGI systems. Significant additional software has been packaged with IRIX 6.5, including some important system and network management and interoperability tools.

This page contains a partial list of the key new features and changes for IRIX **6.5.24**. To see the list of key features and changes for the IRIX 6.5 and IRIX 6.5.1 through 6.5.23 releases, see the previous IRIX features page.

For information about supported hardware and peripherals in IRIX 6.5.24, see the Minimum Requirements page.

Look for information about the IRIX 6.5 release family on Supportfolio Online (<http://support.sgi.com/irix/6.5>) and <http://www.sgi.com>.

For details on any of these new features and changes, refer to the release notes.

Note: Some features listed here apply only for certain software bundles or hardware configurations.

Packaging and Support Changes for IRIX 6.5.24

The following changes apply to the IRIX 6.5.24 release.

- **Packaging changes for CXFS**

Starting with IRIX 6.5.22, The IRIX CXFS software is no longer bundled in the IRIX overlay CDs but instead is on a separate CD that is labeled **CXFS IRIX Server and Client 3.X for IRIX 6.5.X**. This changes the installation procedure. For information on CXFS installation, see *CXFS Administration Guide for SGI InfiniteStorage*.

Note: If you are upgrading from a previous IRIX release and have CXFS installed, you must upgrade both IRIX and CXFS. If you try to upgrade one without the other, conflicts will occur.

CXFS customers should make sure that their CXFS support contract contains the CD media option. This option is required for future delivery of the latest features, enhancements, and bug

fixes, available only on CD. The CD media option allows you to take advantage of secure and expedited delivery using the online ordering system, through Software Updates on Supportfolio, or through your local support center by telephone.

For further information on this packaging change and CXFS support, go to the following page on Supportfolio: http://support.sgi.com/content_request/155033/index.html .

● **Changes to Support Mode Status**

The following workstations, graphics and scalable server systems were transitioned to retired support mode for the IRIX 6.5.23 release. The IRIX 6.5.24 release does not support installation on these systems.

- Challenge S
- Challenge M
- Challenge DM
- Challenge L
- Challenge XL
- Indigo
- Indigo2
- Indigo2 Extreme
- Indigo2 Impact
- Indy
- Power Challenge
- Power Indigo2
- Power Onyx
- Onyx1

For information on IRIX operating system support mode changes for legacy MIPS, go to the following page on Supportfolio: http://support.sgi.com/content_request/155034/index.html.

The following product was transitioned to retired support for the IRIX 6.5.23 release:

- Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) / Distributed File System (DFS)

Contact your local sales representative to discuss options for replacement or upgrade products.

● **Changes to Fonts, PostScript^(TM) Viewing, and PDF Viewing Tools**

Several of the fonts were updated for the IRIX 6.5.23 release, and as a result, customers may notice a change in some of the filenames used in the font directories. You may also see some minor changes to the fonts' appearance on the display. Applications that use fonts through the standard mechanisms in X11 should continue to operate correctly. Applications that directly access those font files in the DPS directory, however, may find that the file has been superseded and no longer exists in that location. Developers are encouraged to use the standard X11 mechanisms for accessing fonts to avoid this problem.

The tools `acroread` (Adobe Acrobat[®] Reader), `xpsview`, and `showps` have been replaced with

the more recent open source tools gsvie and xpdf, which are built on top of the Ghostscript® package. These tools can be found on the Applications CD in this release. Customers who made use of the old tools should ensure that they install the new ones by selecting the images for gsvie, xpdf, and ghostscript from the Applications CD. The old tools will no longer be available, and will be replaced with wrapper scripts.

The wrappers for acroread and xpsview/showps will invoke the new xpdf or gsvie commands respectively, but the wrapper scripts will pass all parameters verbatim, and will not attempt any translation. Thus, if an option changes or is not available for the new tool, customers may encounter an error if they use that option with the old command name from inside a script, for instance.

Ghostscript is a registered trademark of Artifex Software, Inc. PostScript is a trademark and Acrobat is a registered trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

IRIX 6.5.24 Key New Features

The following changes have been incorporated into the core IRIX 6.5.24 overlay CDs and the Applications CD.

New Hardware Platforms or Features

- The IRIX 6.5.24 release supports LSI Dual Port Ultra 4 SCSI PCIX on Tezro Visual Workstations, Origin 350, Onyx 350 IR, Onyx 350 IP. and Origin 3000 PX/IX Bricks.

New Software Enhancements - Maintenance and Feature Stream

Filesystems

- **GRIO version 2**

The IRIX 6.5.24 release supports GRIO version 2, the next-generation guaranteed-rate I/O product from SGI. GRIO version 2 now supports CXFS filesystems shared among nodes in a cluster as well as locally attached XFS filesystems.

Although you can have both the GRIO version 1 and GRIO version 2 subsystems installed on the same machine, only one of them can be active. For more information, see the *Guaranteed-Rate I/O Version 2 Guide*.

- **XVM multi-host failover**

The IRIX 6.5.24 release supports XVM multi-host failover, initially supporting the SGI TP9100 and 3rd-party RAID storage. New NVSRAM will be made available on Supportfolio Online that will permit XVM multi-host failover to work with the SGI TP9300 RAID, SGI TP9400 RAID with 4884 controllers, and SGI TP9500 RAID. When using XVM multi-host failover, you can manually specify the attributes associated with a storage path by using the failover2.conf file.

In support of XVM multi-host failover, XVM now supports the xvm foconfig and the xvm

foswitch commands. The xvm foconfig command parses a failover2.conf file on a running system. The xvm foswitch command switches the path used to access an XVM physvol.

For information on XVM multi-host failover, the failover2.conf file, and the foconfig and foswitch commands, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide* and the XVM help screens.

- **CXFS**

CXFS 3.2 for IRIX 6.5.24 is released on a separate CD and includes some of the following new features:

- Support for CXFS multiOS Client I/O path failover
- CXFS private network failover
- CXFS token obtain optimization
- Configuration tools support for the CXFS Mac OS X multiOS client

For information on these features, see *CXFS Administration Guide for SGI InfiniteStorage* and the CXFS release notes included with the CXFS 3.2 release.

cpusets

- **New cpuset features**

IRIX 6.5.24 provides the following new features for cpusets:

- system cpuset

Administrators can now create a special cpuset for kernel daemons to run in called the "system" cpuset. This will help keep the daemons responsive even under high load. For information, see the boot_cpuset(4) man page.

- cpuset inspection

The top and ps commands can now display information about particular cpusets or what cpusets processes belong to. For information see the top(1) and ps(1) man pages.

Profiling

- **Interrupt handler inspection**

In IRIX 6.5.24, IRIXview and the rtmond tools can now report more meaningful information for kernel interrupt handlers threads. Running rtmond with the new -H option will cause the name of reported threads to be more descriptive. For information, see the rtmond(1) man page.

SGI Software Product Life Cycle Management

In accordance with the SGI software product life cycle management strategy announced in

December 2002, SGI will announce support mode changes for various software products on a semiannual basis. To view customer letters containing support mode changes announced since December 2002, as well as the latest IRIX Support Policy documents, visit the IRIX Support Policy Web page on Supportfolio Online.

IRIX OS Bundled Software

For information about the bundled software that is included on the Applications CD with this release, see CD Contents and the Bundled software and licenses web page.

System Platform Bundles

No changes have been made to the demonstration software CDs developed for the specific system platforms.

Freeware

Freeware products and revisions supported for this release can be downloaded from <http://freeware.sgi.com/>. As of the IRIX 6.5.22 release, IRIX Freeware CDs are no longer included with the IRIX Update kit.

Documentation

The following manual is new for the IRIX 6.5.24 release:

- *Guaranteed-Rate I/O Version 2 Guide*, 007-4244-001

The following manuals have been revised for the new features incorporated into this release:

- *CXFS Administration Guide for SGI InfiniteStorage*, 007-4016-020, includes support for CXFS 3.2 features, RAID firmware updates, and information about how hardware changes affect I/O fencing.
- *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*, 007-2860-011, includes information about how to configure Primary and Secondary Ethernet connections on the new dual-port Gigabit Ethernet board.
- *IRIX Impressario.5.24 Programming Guide*, 007-1633-070, includes updates reflecting changes in font support and provides a new appendix showing psrip command line options that can be used when defining an alternate RIP.
- *IRIX Impressario.5.24 User's Guide*, 007-1632-070, includes small updates reflecting current font support.
- *Topics in IRIX Programming*, 007-2478-010, includes information reflecting support for the open source tools gsvie and xpdf.

- *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*, 007-4003-017, includes information on multi-host failover and small technical updates.

Key Features and Changes for Previous IRIX Releases

The page contains a list of the key features and changes for the IRIX releases from 6.5 through 6.5.23:

IRIX 6.5.x Key Features

IRIX 6.5 Key Features

To see the list of key new features and changes for the IRIX 6.5.24 release, see the Key New Features and Changes page.

For information about the IRIX 6.5 release family, see Supportfolio Online at <http://support.sgi.com/irix/6.5> and www.sgi.com.

For details on any of these new features and changes, see the release notes for the software product.

Please be aware that some features listed here are only applicable for certain software bundles or hardware configurations.

IRIX 6.5.x Key Features

The following features are in the core IRIX 6.5.x overlays.

Hardware Support Added in IRIX 6.5.1 through IRIX 6.5.23

- SGI Origin 350 server (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.21).
- Silicon Graphics Onyx4™ UltimateVision™ (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.21).
- SGI Origin 3900 server (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.19).
- Silicon Graphics Fuel visual workstation (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.17).
- Version 3.01.07 firmware for QLogic 2 Gbit fibre channel adapters: the 2300, 2310 and 2342 (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.17).
- PCI Expansion Module to Origin 300 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.15).
- SGI Origin 300 server series (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.14).
- 500MHz R14000 processor on SGI Origin 2000 series and Onyx2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.13)
- 500MHz R14000 processor on SGI Origin 3000 series and Onyx 3000 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.12)
- SGI Origin 3000 server series, including the SGI 3200, SGI 3400, and SGI 3800 servers (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.9)

- TVO digital video option board for Silicon Graphics Onyx2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.9)
- VPro Graphics, the next generation graphics for Octane systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.8)
- Onyx2 InfiniteReality3 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.8)
- 66 MHz QLogic 2200 controller (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.7)
- FC-Tape on a Storage Area Network (fabric) using the QLogic 2200 fibre channel controller to the tpsc driver (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.7)
- R12KS CPU on sgi2200, sgi2400, and sgi2800 systems (pending overall product release) (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.7)
- QLA2200 (both copper and optical) is supported for FC-AL, FC-AL via the Emulex hub or Fabric attach via the Brocade Silkworm 2000 switches (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.5)
- 270 Mhz processor for O2 and Silicon Graphics Octane (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.4)
- HDTV XIO Board for Silicon Graphics Onyx2 and SGI Origin 2000 systems (this includes systems formerly known as Cray Origin2000 systems) (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.4)
- Systems using the MIPS R12000 processor (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.3)
- Digital Video Multiplexer option board (DPLEX) for Silicon Graphics Onyx2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.3)
- Redundant Power Supply (RPS) (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.3)
- 21" Monitor Support for O2 and Octane (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.3)
- Flat Panel Monitor for O2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.2)
- 16 pipe Onyx2 InfiniteReality systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.2)
- GSN network adapter (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.2)
- Gigabit Ethernet for Octane and SGI Origin systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.1)
- 128p Metarouter for Origin 2000 systems (formerly known as Cray Origin2000 systems) (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.1)
- Dual Channel Display option for O2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.1)
- Onyx2 InfiniteReality2 systems (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.1)
- 225QC for SGI Origin 200 (initially supported in IRIX 6.5.1)

Software Support Added in IRIX 6.5.1 through IRIX 6.5.23

Feature Stream Only

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.21f:

- In the IRIX 6.5.21f release, the output to the XVM show command indicates whether an XVM physical volume (physvol) has no physical connection to the system. This indicates that an I/O error would be returned when trying to read or write anywhere on the volume.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.20f:

- IRIX 6.5.20f provides the following options for the CXFS and XVM Manager GUIs:
 - New GUI login choices, including support for a remote shell connection, which connects to the server via a user-specified command shell, such as rsh(1C) or ssh(1).
 - The ability for the root user to grant other users permission to execute specific GUI

tasks.

- In IRIX 6.5.20f, the default values for `cxfsd_min` and `cxfsd_max` have changed to 16. The legal value for `cxfsd_max` has also changed to be an integer in the range 8 through 4096.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.19f:

- CXFS upgrades
 - A new rolling annual upgrade policy permits you to upgrade from IRIX 6.5.n to the n+1 or n+4 release. This policy takes effect as of IRIX 6.5.18f.
 - The time required to update and propagate the database across nodes in the cluster has been significantly decreased.
 - If you use I/O fencing and `ipfilterd(1M)` on a node, the `ipfilterd` configuration must allow communication between the node and the `telnet(1)` port on the switch.
 - The CXFS Manager graphical user interface (GUI) has added a new icon to represent client-only nodes. In preparation for future CXFS MultiOS client releases, the CXFS software now also allows you to specify the Linux, IBM AIX, and Hewlett-Packard HP-UX operating systems when defining a node.
 - Application programmers should be aware that XFS recently relaxed the requirement that direct I/O be aligned along filesystem block boundaries. As of IRIX 6.5.19f, direct I/O will also be accepted using 512-byte alignment. This change makes the use of direct I/O on a CXFS partition more consistent with that of other vendors requirements and thus makes the use of CXFS more transparent. See the description of direct I/O requirements in the `fcntl(2)` man page.

For details, see the *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.18f:

- In IRIX 6.5.18f, the CXFS Manager graphical user interface (GUI) has been enhanced to contain all of the XVM GUI functionality. Using the CXFS GUI in IRIX 6.5.18f or later release, you can view and configure CXFS filesystems as well as use drag-and-drop to structure volume topologies and administer XVM disks. Command buttons provide shortcuts to some tasks.

For information on the CXFS GUI, see *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide*. For details about XVM volume management, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.

- The XVM snapshot feature provides the ability to create virtual point-in-time images of a filesystem without causing a service interruption. The snapshot feature requires a minimal amount of storage because it uses a copy-on-write mechanism that copies only the data areas that change after the snapshot is created. The XVM snapshot feature is supported in the CXFS

XVM GUIs.

For information on the XVM snapshot feature, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.

Use of the XVM snapshot features requires a FLEXlm license.

- In an environment without cluster services enabled, you can set up and administer logical volumes with the XVM Manager GUI as a standalone product. For information on XVM volume management, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.
- As of 6.5.18f, IRIX nodes may now be CXFS client-only nodes, meaning that they run a minimal implementation of the CXFS and cluster services, and do not contain a copy of the CXFS cluster database. Client-only nodes are installed with the `cxfs_client` software product.

Nodes that you want to run as potential metadata servers must be installed with the `cluster_admin` software product, allowing the node to perform cluster administration tasks and contain a copy of the cluster database. They must also be defined as metadata server-capable administration nodes.

A CXFS cluster is now supported with as many as 32 nodes. As many as 16 of those nodes can be CXFS administration nodes and all other nodes can be client-only nodes. SGI strongly recommends that only potential metadata servers be configured as CXFS server-capable administration nodes and that there be an odd number of server-capable nodes for quorum calculation purposes.

- In IRIX 6.5.18f, CXFS relocation is disabled by default and CXFS recovery is supported only when using standby nodes. This includes recovery (when using standby nodes) of hierarchical storage management (HSM) products using the data management application programming interface (DMAPI).

A standby node is a metadata server-capable administration node that is configured as a potential metadata server for a given filesystem, but does not currently run any applications that will use that filesystem. To use recovery, you must not run any applications on any of the potential metadata servers for a given filesystem; after the active metadata server has been chosen by the system, you can then run applications that use the filesystem on the active metadata server and client-only nodes.

Relocation and recovery are fully implemented, but the number of associated problems prevents full support of these features in the current release. Although data integrity is not compromised, cluster node panics or hangs are likely to occur. Relocation and recovery will be fully supported in a future release when these issues are resolved.

For information on CXFS, see *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.17f:

- The IRIX 6.5.17f release includes the XVM Manager GUI. The XVM Manager GUI provides

access to the tasks that help you set up and administer XVM logical volumes and provides icons representing states and structure of the XVM volume elements.

With the XVM Manager GUI, you can perform the following tasks:

- Administer XVM logical volumes by means of a web browser, such as Netscape or Internet Explorer.
- Drag and drop XVM volume elements to create local and cluster volume topologies.
- Drag and drop disks to label them or give them away.
- See volume element and filesystem status changes instantly, reflected in color-coded icons.
- Click buttons to create volume elements quickly.

For information on the XVM Manager GUI, see *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.

Use of the XVM snapshot features requires a FLEXlm license.

- IRIX 6.5.17f includes support for the use of local XVM volumes as FailSafe resources. This requires FailSafe version 2.1.3. XVM volumes used in conjunction with CXFS should not be added as FailSafe resources. For information on configuring FailSafe resources, see the *IRIS FailSafe Version 2 Administrator's Guide*, 007-3901-006.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.16f:

- For the IRIX 6.5.16f release, the `-extend` option was added to the XVM show command. Specifying this option will display additional information about physvols, slices, stripes and foreign disks than the show command alone. The *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide* and the XVM help screens have been updated with examples that use this option.
- For IRIX 6.5.16f, CXFS features include the following:
 - Support for multiple operating system (multiOS) clients, such as Solaris nodes and Windows NT nodes. The CXFS GUI and `cmgr(1M)` command now allow you to specify the operating system for a given node.
 - I/O fencing, which allows a problem node to be isolated from the storage area network (SAN) so that it cannot corrupt data in the shared CXFS filesystem; this is required for Solaris nodes and Windows NT nodes. A Brocade switch is required to support I/O fencing.
 - Support for a two-node CXFS cluster running with FailSafe and an L1 controller on Origin 300 and Origin 3200 systems.

See the *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide* for more information.

- The IRIX 6.5.16f release added the `joblimitsign` group of kernel tunables that can be used to specify that specific job limit resource accumulation and enforcement should be ignored by the kernel. Setting the kernel tunable value to 1 indicates the specific limit should be ignored. Setting the value to 0 will re-enable the limit for newly created jobs.

The following kernel tunable parameters have been added:

- `jlimit_cpu_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_cpu_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of CPU time limits for jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_data_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_data_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of data memory limits for jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_nofile_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_nofile_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of limits for the number of open files in jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_numproc_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_numproc_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of limits for the number of processes in jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_pmem_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_pmem_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of physical memory limits for jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_pthread_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_pthread_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of limits for the number of pthreads should be ignored.

- `jlimit_rss_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_rss_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of resident set size (RSS) memory limits for jobs should be ignored.

- `jlimit_vmem_ign` parameter

The `jlimit_vmem_ign` parameter specifies that the accumulation and enforcement of virtual memory limits for jobs should be ignored.

For more information on kernel tunable parameters, see the `setjusage(2)` entry in Appendix A in *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.

- In IRIX 6.5.16f, the new `setjusage` system call is used to update resource usage for jobs in the kernel. The system call can only be used to update usage information if the limit accumulation and enforcement for the specified resource is being ignored. This function can be used by sites to implement a site-specific solution for resource accumulation and enforcement. Using this system call allows the various job limit status commands to display usage values as reported from the site-specific implementation. For more information, see the `setjusage(2)` man page and the `setjusage(2)` entry in Appendix A in *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.
- The IRIX 6.5.16f release removes the `ACCT_FS` parameter in the `/etc/csa.conf` file. The `MIN_BLKES` parameter now determines the minimum number of free 1K blocks needed on the file system on which the `/var/adm/acct` directory resides. The default is 2000. To ensure that the `MIN_BLKES` variable has been set correctly, check the value in the `/etc/csa.conf` configuration file.

For more information, see Chapter 5, "Comprehensive System Accounting", in *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.15f:

- As of the IRIX 6.5.15f release, the default naming convention for subvolumes in the `/dev/lxvm/` and `/dev/cxvm` directories is `volname, subvolume`.

Older releases of XVM created a directory entry for a subvolume of the form `volname_subvolname`. This convention can yield potential problem. For example, since `vol1_data` is a legal name for a volume it is impossible to determine whether `/dev/lxvm/vol1_data` refers to the data subvolume of the volume `vol1` or to a volume named `vol1_data`. The `volname_subvolname` form of subvolume directory entries is still supported in IRIX 6.5.15f and later, but its use is not recommended.

For information on XVM device directories and pathnames, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.

- As of the IRIX 6.5.15f release of IRIX, you can implement disk quotas on XFS filesystems according to group ID. Previous releases of IRIX supported implementing quotas according to user and project ID. Project and group accounting are mutually exclusive. This feature is on-disk compatible with Linux-XFS group accounting, where this feature is already active. For information on administering XFS quotas, see *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*.

Caution: Group quotas are supported in the feature stream only. If you implement group quotas on a disk and, subsequently, mount that disk with the `pquota` mount option on a machine running the maintenance stream or an earlier release of the feature stream on which group quotas are not supported, the quota accounting could be corrupted.

- IRIX 6.5.15f provided the following new features for CXFS.

- Support has been added for clients of other operating systems such as Solaris as defined in *CXFS Client Administration Guide*. These clients are released asynchronously from the IRIX release. This support requires IRIX 6.5.15f or later plus appropriate patches. For more information, contact your SGI support contact.
- Default scripts are now provided in the `/var/cluster/clconfd-scripts` directory to permit NFS-exporting of CXFS filesystems listed in `/etc/exports`.
- Changes have been made to the `rotatlogs` script syntax. The root crontab file now has an entry to run the `rotatlogs` script weekly. If you run the script twice in one day, it will append the current log file

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.14f:

- The CXFS GUI was enhanced in the IRIX 6.5.14f release as follows:
 - **CXFS Manager** and **CXFS Cluster View** windows are now combined into one window called **CXFS Manager**.
 - Tasks can now be launched by clicking the right mouse button over the tree-view area, or by selecting **Tasks** on the menu bar.
 - Command line interfaces (CLIs) that the GUI runs can be viewed from a new **File > Show SLog** menu item.
 - You can now partially mount filesystems on just a subset of nodes, using the **Define Filesystem** and **Modify Filesystem** tasks.
 - A new **Find** text field helps you find items within the displayed tree-view area.
 - Filesystem status and cluster status update faster.

For more information, see the *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.13f:

- With IRIX 6.5.13f, the structure of the CXFS filesystem configuration was changed. CXFS filesystems can now be defined, modified, managed and deleted independently of each other, and of the cluster definition. (Previously, the CXFS filesystems were defined as attributes to the cluster definition.) To accommodate clusters mixing nodes running IRIX 6.5.12f and IRIX 6.5.13f, backwards compatibility is enforced by default in IRIX 6.5.13f. For more information, see the *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide*.
- The XVM Volume Manager can be used when layered with the CXFS filesystem. The XVM Volume Manager can also be used as a standalone volume manager; this requires that you be running the IRIX 6.5.13f release leg of the IRIX operating system. The IRIX 6.5.13m leg does not support XVM as a standalone volume manager; this support will be added in a later release. For information on CXFS filesystems, see *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration*

Guide.

- The IRIX 6.5.13f release added support for the use of mirrors in XVM logical volumes. The mirroring feature of XVM requires the XFS Volume Plexing software option. Customers running CXFS and who want to run mirrors will need to purchase this license. XLV customers with plexing licenses can upgrade to XVM without having to acquire a new license.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.12f:

- Supports the labeling of disks as XVM system disks in the XVM Volume Manager. This lets you create XVM logical volumes that include the partitions of a system disk. The following XVM system disk features are supported:
 - Root partitions can be mirrored
 - There can be multiple root partitions on a system disk
 - You can include usr and swap partitions in any XVM logical volume configuration, including mirrors, concats, and stripes
 - A system disk can include slices that are not part of a root, usr, or swap partition

You can now convert existing system disks to XVM system disks, and then use their partitions as part of an XVM logical volume. After you have converted an existing system disk to an XVM disk, you can convert the disk back to its original state by unlabeled the disk with the XVM unlabeled command. For information on XVM system disks, see the *XVM Volume Manager Administrator's Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.10f:

- XVM installed with CXFS is now qualified on IP35 (Origin 3000) systems in addition to the existing qualification on the IP27 (Origin 200, Origin 2000, and Onyx2) and IP30 (Octane) systems.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.9f:

- CXFS supports the use of hierarchical storage management (HSM) products through the data management application programming interface (DMAPI). An example of an HSM product is the SGI DMF product.
- Support for the Scheduled Transfer Protocol (STP). STP is a lightweight network protocol that is compliant with the ANSI Standard Revision 3.1 protocol suite that is designed to support extremely high performance data movement. STP uses Direct Memory Access (DMA) to read and write data into user space from a network interface. This lets high bandwidth devices, such as Gigabyte System Network (GSN) and Gigabit Ethernet (GigE), perform at network speeds with minimum interrupt overhead. For more information, see the stp(7P) man page or <http://www.hippi.org>.) This STP feature was initially added in IRIX 6.5.9. In IRIX 6.5.6, STP was initially added to the IRIX feature stream with minimal functionality.

- Support for disk quotas that can now be set by project ID. Disk quotas let you limit the amount of space a user or project can occupy and the number of files (inodes) that each user or project can own. You can implement hard or soft limits; hard limits are enforced by the system and soft limits only remind the user to decrease disk usage.

For more information on disk quotas and their administration, see *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*, which now includes information about project quota administration. For more information on project IDs, see *IRIX Admin: Backup, Security, and Accounting*. For more information on the administration of disk quotas by project, see the `edquota(1M)`, `find(1M)`, `quota(1M)`, `repquota(1M)`, and `fstab(4)` man pages.

- Support for the waitjob feature, which includes the new functions `setwaitjobpid()` and `waitjob()`. These functions let the batch schedulers query job information following job termination. When a batch scheduler launches a job, it calls `setwaitjobpid()` to tell the new job what pid is waiting for information upon termination. When the job terminates, it remains as a zombie until either the batch scheduler calls `waitjob()` to retrieve the job's termination information or the waiting pid no longer exists. The information returned includes the job start time, usage information, and reason for termination.

For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* and the `waitjob(1M)` and `setwaitjobpid(1M)` man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.8f:

- Support for Comprehensive System Accounting (CSA). CSA is a set of user and administrative C programs and shell scripts that provide methods to collect per-process resource usage data, monitor disk usage, and charge fees to specific login accounts. CSA uses this per-process accounting information and combines it by job identifier within the system boot uptime periods. CSA provides the following features that are not available with any other IRIX accounting package:
 - Per-job accounting
 - Daemon accounting (tape and Network Queuing System (NQS))
 - Flexible accounting periods (daily and periodic accounting reports can be generated as often as desired and not restricted to once per day or once per month)
 - Flexible system billing units (SBUs)
 - User exits for site specific customization of daily and periodic accounting
 - Configurable parameters within the `/etc/csa.conf` file
 - User job accounting (`ja` command)

For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* and the `csa(1M)` man page.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.7f:

- Support for the CXFS product, which provides a cluster file system that allows file sharing between machines. CXFS includes the following capabilities:
 - High resiliency and availability

- Reduced storage costs
- Scalable high performance

The 6.5.7f release contains metadata server recovery. See the *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide* for the administrative shutdown procedures and additional troubleshooting information. The CXFS feature was initially added in IRIX 6.5.6f.

- Support for job limits. You can use this feature if you want to prevent individual users from exceeding specified usage limits; this can improve system throughput and utilization by restricting how much of the machine each user can access. For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* and the `jstat(1)`, `jlimit(1)`, `genlimits(1M)`, and `showlimits(1)` man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.2f:

- Motif 2.1/ViewKit 2.1
- IRIX Oplock Support
- Support for Non EUC encoding and locales (sjis/big5/gbk/utf8)

Maintenance and Feature Stream

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.23:

- IRIX 6.5.23 included the following new features for CXFS:
 - Support for both relocation and recovery to a standby (idle) server. Relocation is disabled by default.
 - Support for a cluster of up to 64 nodes.
 - The ability to define a reset method for a given node to one of the following:
 - Power cycle, to turn power off and on
 - Reset, to simulate the pressing of the reset button on the front of the machine
 - NMI, to perform a nonmaskable interrupt

You can define this method using either the `cmgr` command or the GUI. You can manually perform a powercycle or an NMI with the `cmgr` command.

For information on these features, see *CXFS Administration Guide for SGI InfiniteStorage*.

- The IRIX 6.5.23 release supports SGI Infinite Network Bandwidth. Infinite Network Bandwidth aggregates a number of physical network interfaces into a single virtual interface that is able to spread data evenly across all the physical interfaces in a stripe set. This allows

multiple packets to be sent and received in parallel. This greatly increases the available bandwidth to the virtual interface. For information on Infinite Network Bandwidth, see *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.

- The IRIX 6.5.23 release supports the dual-port Gigabit Ethernet board. It is available in two formats: the dual-port Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet board and the dual-port Copper Gigabit Ethernet board. For descriptions of these boards, information on how to connect the boards to an Ethernet network, and an explanation of how to operate the boards, see the *SGI IRIX Release 2 Dual-Port Gigabit Ethernet Board User's Guide*.
- IRIX 6.5.23 provides support for POSIX 1003.1j pthread barriers and spinlocks. For information, see the pthread_barrier_wait(3P) and pthread_spin_lock(3P) man pages.
- In IRIX 6.5.23, the rtmon-client and rtmond daemon support IPv6. For information, see the rtmon-client(1) and rtmond(1) man pages.
- For the IRIX 6.5.23 release, the Embedded Support Partner (ESP) has been upgraded to version 3.0, the same version of Embedded Support Partner deployed on SGI's Altix systems. The ESP2.0 event manager component has been decoupled and generalized to allow for more flexible system group management. An ESP3.0 System Group Manager (SGM) supports both ESP2.0 and ESP3.0 clients (Linux or MIPS). All existing ESP2.0 data will automatically be converted for use by ESP3.0. In addition, all existing ESP2.0 reports are supported as is the auto-logging of calls to SGI for supported customers. For further information see the *Embedded Support Partner User Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.22:

- As of IRIX 6.5.22, support for the following features is provided in both the feature stream and the maintenance stream. In previous releases, these features were supported in the feature stream only:
 - The XVM logical volume manager
 - CXFS
 - The SJIS feature of IRIX Language Support, supporting Shift JIS, Traditional Chinese BIG5, and Simplified Chinese GBK locales.
- The graphical user interfaces (GUIs) for CXFS and XVM contained in IRIX 6.5.22 and later no longer support the localized Japanese GUI and the Japanese resource files do not ship with "WorldView Japanese 6.5 For IRIX 6.5.22 and above". If you are upgrading to CXFS or XVM on a system running IRIX 6.5.22 or later versions and have previously installed the Japanese resource files for these packages, you should remove them. To remove the Japanese resource files, run the following commands as root:

```
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.euc_sysadm_cxfs
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.sjis_sysadm_cxfs
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.euc_sysadm_xvm
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.sjis_sysadm_xvm
```

```
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.euc_sysadm_cluster
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.sjis_sysadm_cluster
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.euc_sysadm_base
# versions remove WorldView_japanese.sw.sjis_sysadm_base
```

- In IRIX 6.5.22, the `mkfs` command supports a new `version=ci` suboption for the `-n` (naming) option. Specifying this option enables a version 2 filesystem directory with case-insensitive filenames. Filenames will be stored in directories as they were created, but all file or directory name searches will be case-insensitive. This feature is normally used only when the filesystem will be used by Windows CXFS clients.

Note that you will be able to mount filesystems created with this option only when running IRIX releases 6.5.22 and later. Attempting to mount the filesystem when running an earlier release produces an error message of "Wrong filesystem type: xfs".

For information on the `mkfs` command, see the `mkfs_xfs(1M)` man page.

- Trusted IRIX support and Extended Attribute support (using UDF streams) was added to the UDF filesystem for IRIX 6.5.22.
- In IRIX 6.5.22, the operation of the `REPLACE` action keyword of the `cpr` command has been enhanced.

Under certain constraints, `REPLACE` actions may invoke `SUBSTITUTE` actions for files that have been modified or deleted, or a `MERGE` action for all other files.

If a `SUBSTITUTE` action is performed, a notice specifying the location of the substituted file is displayed. It is the responsibility of the user to pick up any output file thus substituted. Applications that reopen a substituted file by its original name may not operate as expected.

Checkpoint/Restart users are encouraged to review the information on this behavior change detailed in the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide*.

- IRIX 6.5.22 includes support for Pluggable Authentication Modules (PAM). PAM provides a general purpose interface for customer-definable authentication. Implementation of PAM is off by default. For information on PAM, see *IRIX Admin: Backup, Security, and Accounting*.
- The IRIX 6.5.22 release includes `musicplayer`, a skinnable desktop music player that plays sound files using sgi audio hardware. The `musicplayer` application handles multiple files in a single session. For information, see the `musicplayer(1)` man page and the online help provided in the Help menu of the application.
- In IRIX 6.5.22, a driver can obtain information about the PCI bus in which its device is installed. (The only information available about PCI buses on the other side of a PCI-to-PCI bridge is whether multi-master capability is supported.) PCI bus information is returned by the `pciio_businfo_get()` function as a pointer to a bus information structure `pciio_businfo_s`. For information about interrogating a PCI bus, see the *IRIX Device Driver Programmer's Guide*.
- The IRIX 6.5.22 release includes the following improvements to NFS

- Changes have been made to the operation of the buffer cache during NFS operation. These updates keep I/O performance from collapsing under heavy load and improve the efficiency of I/O in general.
- A new mode has been added to IRIX's kernel NFS service where the number of NFS server daemons grows and shrinks in response to NFS load. Previously on IRIX this was a fixed number that the system administrator had to choose, and both the default number and the recommended tuning procedure ensured inadequate NFS performance for many workloads. IRIX now requires less tuning and will perform better out of the box.

For information on this mode, see the section on DYNAMIC NFS DAEMONS in the nfsd(1M) man page.

- A new -d option has been added to the nfsstat command that will display statistics about individual NFS daemons. For information on this option, see the nfsstat(1M) man page.
- NFS now provides an optional "async" mode to improve write performance. This mode is set with the async option of the exportfs command. By allowing an administrator to switch from synchronous write/commit cycles to performing the same operations asynchronously, NFS writes can finish up-to 10 times faster on the client and server can perform writes in the way which can optimize backend filesystem IO pattern. This option is recommended only for heavy synchronous write loads. For further information, see the exportfs(1M) man page.
- An "offline" option to the exportfs command has been added for use with Failsafe operations. Historically Failsafe relied on brute-force approach to stop NFS-related activity by killing NFS daemons. With the "offline" option a selected subset of filesystem can be moved offline while NFS server can continue to serve requests to other filesystems. For information on this option, see the exportfs(1M) man page.
- Network time protocol (NTP) is a newly supported component as of the IRIX 6.5.22 release. For more information see "Setting up Time Synchronization Service" in *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.
- The IRIX 6.5.22 release supports BIND version 9.2.2. BIND version 9 is a major rewrite of nearly all aspects of the underlying BIND architecture. For more information on BIND version 9, see *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*. Detailed information is available at: <http://www.isc.org>. Follow the link to BIND documentation.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.21:

- In an SGI Origin 3900 system, a Cx-brick contains node boards without CPU packages or cache that are referred to as a memory-only nodes. The Cx-brick is a "super" CPU brick. It contains multiple node cards. One of those node cards must be a CPU node, but any of the other nodes can be memory-only nodes. Memory-only nodes, sometimes called headless nodes, allow you to expand the memory capabilities of your system without the cost or overhead of adding unnecessary additional processors.

In IRIX 6.5.21, the new keyword directives for use in the cpuset configuration file (there are equivalent structures or flags for the cpuset API) to support memory-only nodes are as follows:

- POLICY_SHARE_WARN
- POLICY_SHARE_FAIL
- NODE *nodeid* or *nodeids*
- MEM *nodeid* or *nodeids*
- MEMORY_SIZE_ADVISORY *size*
- MEMORY_SIZE_MANDATORY *size*
- CPU_COUNT_ADVISORY *count*
- CPU_COUNT_MANDATORY *count*

For a description of these new keywords see the cpuset(4) man page and *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.

- Boot cpusets are used to constrain regular system activities to a subset of the available CPUs. In IRIX 6.5.21, kernel threads not forced to run on specific CPUs run within the boot cpuset if one exists. Boot cpusets are used to constrain regular system activities to a subset of the available CPUs.
- In IRIX 6.5.21, the tcp_wrappers package is available in the eoe.sw.base IRIX subsystem. It consists of the following components:
 - A library in /usr/lib/libwrap.so
 - A header file in /usr/include/tcpd.h
 - A suite of programs to verify tcp_wrappers operation: tcpdchk, tcpdmatch, and try-from

In IRIX 6.5.21, inetd(1m) is built with tcp_wrappers by default. See the inetd(1M) man page for details.

For information on using the tcp_wrappers package, see the *IRIX Network Programming Guide*.

- The IRIX 6.5.21 release provides a new PLACEMENT policy keyword for checkpoint and restart processes. PLACEMENT offers two action keywords, STRICT and FLEXIBLE. The STRICT action keyword restores the memory of process(es) according to the placement policies saved at the time of checkpoint. The FLEXIBLE action keyword attempts to place process memory according to a basic memory placement algorithm (TOPOLOGY_FREE) if and only if process memory placement fails when adhering to the checkpointed placement policies; this is the default action. For more information on this new PLACEMENT policy, see

the `cpr(1)` man page and the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide*.

- IRIX 6.5.21 includes support for the M-Audio Revolution PCI audio card on Octane and Octane2 systems.
- The `sysdump` command, first added in IRIX 6.5.19, has been enhanced to generate level 1 system crash dump files of a running system. The `sysdump` command is used by system administrators to generate a crash dump file of the operating system without the need to reboot the system. The crash dump file can be used to diagnose system problems. For information, see the `sysdump(1M)` man page.
- IRIX 6.5.21 provides support for the thread and system nonpreemption pthread mutex protocols that let real-time pthreads avoid being preempted while in critical sections. Real-time developers would use this feature when the priority inheritance and priority ceiling mutexes incur too much overhead. For information, see the `pthread_mutexattr_setprotocol(3P)` man page.
- IRIX 6.5.21 includes OpenLDAP version 2.1.17. The previous release of OpenLDAP on IRIX was split into an `openldap` and an `openldap_dev` package. This release combines both packages into a single `openldap` package that includes all libraries, headers and binaries normally included in the OpenLDAP distribution. For information on OpenLDAP, see <http://www.openldap.org/>.
- IRIX 6.5.21 includes OpenSSH version 3.6.1p2. For information on OpenSSH, see <http://www.openssh.com/>.
- IRIX 6.5.21 includes OpenSSL version 0.9.7b. The previous release of OpenSSL on IRIX only included selected libraries. This release includes all libraries, headers and binaries normally included in the OpenSSL distribution. For information on OpenSSL, see <http://www.openssl.org/>.
- IRIX 6.5.21 includes support for USB tablets.
- In the IRIX 6.5.21 release, the NFS Access control mechanism has been updated to support new access control list elements such as IP netmasks, domain name suffixes and explicit exclusion of a host or group of hosts. For information see the `exports(4)` man page.

NFS Access control checks are now performed by `rpc.mountd` for both MOUNT and NFS protocols.

- With the 6.5.21 release, a user must have the same or a subset of the Mandatory Integrity (MINT) divisions of an object in his or her label and the integrity divisions of the user must be the same or a subset of the integrity divisions of the object. For information, see the *Trusted IRIX/CMW Security Administration Guide*.

With this release, the integrity divisions of the user must be the same or a subset of the integrity divisions of the file. For information, see the *Trusted IRIX/CMW Security Features User's Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.20:

- For the IRIX 6.5.20 release, Sysadm Base 3.0 ports the Sysadm Base 2.0 software from Java1 (version 1.1.8) to Java2 (version 1.4.1) which is the latest Java version supported by SGI. Sysadm Base 3.0 supports SGI's IRIX software for remote cluster and storage administration. The CXFS, FailSafe, and XVM Manager GUIs depend on Sysadm Base.

The use of Java2 simplifies the Java installation and co-operation with third-party GUIs. This also enhances the ability to run the GUIs through a web browser. For example, for the CXFS GUI, you can open <http://server/CXFSManager/>.

- IRIX 6.5.20 integrates MP3 audio decoding into the digital medial libraries and all associated dmedia tools. For information, see the `soundplayer(1)` man page or the *Digital Media Programmers Guide*.
- IRIX 6.5.20 supports the Huffman YUV (HuffYUV) video codec, which allows lossless real-time compression of 4:2:2 video in the range of 2:1 to 3:1. Note that since it is software-based, we do not guarantee real-time compression. For information, see the `movieplayer(1)`, `dmconvert(1)`, and `makemovie(1)` man pages.
- IRIX 6.5.20 adds support for the Griffin iMic USB audio interface.
- IRIX 6.5.20 adds support for the M-Audio Revolution PCI audio card.
- OpenGL Shader is now shipped with IRIX. OpenGL Shader is a powerful multi-platform appearance-modeling tool that provides incredible realism effects through an easy and powerful development toolkit. For information see the release notes installed under `/usr/relnotes/shader_eoe` and the ISL shading language specification installed under `/usr/share/shader/doc/user/islspec.html`.
- Universal Disk Format (UDF) is the filesystem used on DVDs. The UDF specifications are produced by OSTA, and are based on the ECMA-167 specification. A read-only implementation of UDF was added to IRIX 6.5.18, and a write-capable version was added for IRIX 6.5.20.
- For the IRIX 6.5.20 release, support for Motif 2.1 and ViewKit 2.1 development has been added to the Maintenance stream.
- IRIX 6.5.20 includes libraries and utility programs from MIT kerberos V version 1.2.7. The libraries included are: `libcom_err.so`, `libdes425.so`, `libgssapi_krb5.so`, `libk5crypto.so`, and `libkrb5.so`. The following utility programs are included: `kdestroy`, `kinit`, `klist`, `kpasswd`, and `kvno`. For information on kerberos, see <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/>.
- IRIX 6.5.20 includes OpenLDAP version 2.1.12 with support for TLS/SSL and Kerberos authentication. This includes the complete suite of programs and header files necessary to implement an LDAP server and client applications. For information on OpenLDAP, see <http://www.openldap.org/>.

- The Job Limits and Comprehensive System Accounting packages, long available in the IRIX feature stream, have been added to the maintenance stream. These features are available in the optionally installable packages `coe.sw.jlimits` and `coe.sw.csa`.
- For IRIX 6.5.20 the `mod_ssl` package has been added to the `sgi_apache` web servers. The `mod_ssl` package adds secure http (https or TLS) support to apache, using openssl to do the encryption. Note that to use secure connections you must generate a certificate for your host. See the `sgi_apache` release notes for details.
- The IRIX 6.5.20 release adds support for Trusted IRIX attributes to checkpoint and restart processes (CPR). If enabled, capabilities, mandatory access control (MAC) labels, and access control lists (ACLs) are saved at the time of checkpoint and restored upon restart. Capabilities are saved and restored for processes and files. MAC labels are saved and restored for processes, files, pipes, named pipes, and System V shared memory segments. ACLs are saved and restored for files and named pipes. For more information on these attributes, see "Using CPR in Trusted IRIX" in the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide* and the `capabilities(4)`, `DOMINANCE(5)` and `acl(4)` man pages.
- The IRIX 6.5.20 release adds information about set-capabilities (SCAP) programs in a Trusted IRIX environment to the "Capability Assignment" section of *Trusted IRIX/CMW Security Administration Guide* as follows:

Like set-user-ID (SUID) and set-group-ID (SGID) programs, programs assigned capabilities (set-capabilities (SCAP) programs) are handled differently. A user cannot use the process activity reporter `par` system utility program on a SCAP process or trace a SCAP process unless the user has the `CAP_PROC_MGT` capability. See the `par(1)` and `exec(2)` man pages for more details.

Similarly, certain environment variables are not respected when dealing with SCAP programs. These include `_RLD*_LIST` and `LD_LIBRARY*_PATH` environment variables of the runtime linker `rld` command, the `IFL_DATABASE` environment variable of the Image Format Library `ifl` command (see `rld(1)` and `ifl(1)`) and the `NLSPATH` environment variable of the `open/close` a message catalogue `catopen` routine that allows user control of message formatting (see `catopen(3C)`).

- IRIX 6.5.20 adds information to *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* on using the XThread Control Interface (XTCI) with cpusets as follows:

Kernel system threads and interrupt threads can be confined to the boot cpuset by using the XThread Control Interface (XTCI), which is documented in the `realtime(5)` man page and the *REACT Real-Time Programmer's Guide*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.19:

- IRIX 6.5.19 provides a Pseudo Random Number Generator, accessible through the special files `/dev/random`, and `/dev/urandom`. These files support the standard file interface operations. The PRNG is implemented in the kernel. For further information, see the `random(7)` man page.

- In IRIX 6.5.19, the `rdrtc()` function was added to `libc`. This function provides a simplified interface to read the system's raw real-time clock value. This feature is similar to those in other operating systems that read the cycle counter. For information, see the `rdrtc(3c)` man page.
- IRIX 6.5.19 includes OpenSSH version 3.4p1. This has been patched for TRIX support and SOCKS support and uses the OpenSSL libraries.
- For IRIX 6.5.19, a bug was fixed that allowed processors isolated and made non-preemptive with `mpadmin()` or `sysmp()` to become unisolated while still non-preemptive. This has been changed to force the processor to become preemptive before it can become unisolated. For information, see the `mpadmin(1)` and `sysmp(2)` man pages.
- IRIX 6.5.19 supports Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6). Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) is the next generation Internet protocol, designed eventually to replace the current IPv4. IPv6 is expected to grow in usage gradually over many years and will coexist and interoperate with IPv4 for the foreseeable future.

IPv4 uses a 32-bit address scheme to represent a unique Internet address while IPv6 uses a 128-bit addressing scheme. Because IPv6 has four times the number of bits to represent addresses, it provides several billion times the address space of IPv4 and adds an almost unlimited number of available IP addresses. This resolves a projected future shortage of IPv4 addresses as more and more devices are added to the Internet.

To ease the transition from IPv4 based networks to IPv6, IRIX supports a dual-stack protocol implementation that supports both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols on the same system. The IPv6 basic socket API is supported and allows network programs to use either protocol. The IPv6 API software interface communicates transparently with both IPv4 and IPv6 nodes. It automatically chooses the right protocol to communicate with any particular node. It has an encapsulation mechanism called tunneling that allows IPv6 packets to operate over IPv4 networks. The IPv6 protocol allows networking applications to operate transparently in both environments.

For more information, see the *IRIX Network Programming Guide* and *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.

- The new gigabit ethernet driver (device `tgx`) now dynamically adjusts the cards parameters to maintain good performance across very dynamic workloads. Manual setting of this parameter is no longer needed.
- IRIX 6.5.19 includes 64-bit versions of `libaudiofile` and `libcdaudio`. For information on these libraries, see the `afIntro(3dm)` and `CDintro(3dm)` man pages.
- IRIX 6.5.19 supports sendmail version 8.12.5, which provides the following features:
 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
 - Performance improvements including multiple queues, memory-buffered pseudo-files,

and more control over resolver timeouts.

- Support for "message submission agent", as defined by RFC 2476.
- Changes to support running sendmail with group-id privileges. sendmail no longer runs with set-uid-root privileges.
- Ability to connect to servers running on named sockets.
- Changes to support IPv6.
- Improved support for virtual hosting.
- Improved anti-spam control features.
- Several new map classes, including ph, arith, and macro.

For more information on sendmail, see *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.

- For security reasons, sendmail is no longer implemented as a setuid-root program. Rather, it is implemented as a setgid-sgismmsp program. The sendmail functionality is now split between the Mail Transfer Agent (MTA) and Mail Submission Agent (MSA) programs and requires new account and group categories both named sgismmsp.

Trusted IRIX/CMW system relies on a number of administrative data files to provide crucial information for the system.

This release adds a new `/etc/mail/submit.cf` configuration file for the mail submission program which is used to submit emails as invoked by programs (or users).

For more information, see the *Trusted IRIX Security Administration Guide* and *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.18:

- The IRIX 6.5.18 release includes read-only support for the UDF filesystem format typically used for DVDs and packet-written CD-RWs. IRIX support for UDF filesystems does not, however, include support for playing DVD movies. DVDs will be automatically mounted by mediad in the same way that CD-ROMs are automatically mounted. For further information on mounting UDF filesystems, see *IRIX Admin: Peripheral Devices*.

Note: Support for UDF filesystems requires that you install `coe.sw.udf`.

- QLFC has been enhanced to improve its output message format for messages logged to the console and SYSLOG. The name of the driver as it appears in messages has been changed from "QL" to "QLFC". The syntax of the messages has been modified to include the fabric port number in the message, in a form similar to the manner in which fabric devices are named.

For example, where the old driver would output this message:

```
ql111d(0x200400a0b80cd1ab): target has returned.
```

the new driver will output this message:

```
ql1fc11: 200400a0b80cd1ab/c11p2: target has returned.
```

- In IRIX 6.5.18, the `/etc/shells` file has been added to provide system administrators with the ability to define appropriate shells for users. The implementation of this feature includes the following ramifications:
 - A user's shell, as defined in `/etc/passwd` or an NIS map, must be listed in `/etc/shells` for the user to change a password with `yppasswd` or `ypchpass`.
 - A user's shell, as defined in `/etc/passwd` or an NIS map, must be listed in `/etc/shells` for `sendmail` to deliver a user's mail if the user's mail is piped to a process (such as `procm` or `vacation`).

Users are able to log in and use the system interactively, regardless of whether the shell is listed in `/etc/shells`. For more information see the `shells(4)` man page.

- For the IRIX 6.5.18 release, the `hinv` command with the `-v` option displays the PCI/PCI-X bus speed of QLogic fibrechannel adapters. The `hinv -t scsictlr` command displays the SCSI/fibrechannel adapters.
- Beginning with IRIX 6.5.18, a user is able to keep the interrupt and processing load generated by interval timers away from specific CPUs. This feature may reduce latency and jitter for real-time applications. For more information see the `sysmp(2)` and `mpadmin(1)` man pages.
- The `reboot_on_panic` parameter, when set to 1, specifies that the system should automatically reboot after a kernel panic. This is particularly useful for servers or other systems which frequently go unattended or are used remotely, where it may not be convenient to physically reset the system. The default for SGI servers and large graphical systems is to reboot after a kernel panic.

It is important to note that the `rebound` variable, an environment variable set in the PROM monitor for most processors, is always checked before the `reboot_on_panic` parameter and can override it. If the `reboot_on_panic` parameter is set to 0 and the `rebound` value is set to `y`, the `reboot_on_panic` parameter in effect becomes 1 and your system will automatically reboot.

For more information, see *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*.

- Job limit values (`rlim_t`) are 64-bit in both `n32` and `n64` binaries. Consequently, `n32` binaries can set 64-bit limits. `o32` binaries cannot set 64-bit limits because `rlim_t` is 32-bits in `o32` binaries. IRIX supports three Application Binary Interfaces (ABIs): `o32`, `n64`, and `n32` (for more information on ABIs, see the `abi(5)` man page). *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*, *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*, and the `setjlimit(2)` man page have been

updated with this information.

- At checkpoint time and at restart time, registered functions are called in the same order as the first-in-first-out order of their registration with `atcheckpoint()` or `atrestart()`, respectively. This is an important consideration for applications that need to register multiple callback handlers for checkpoint or restart events.

Use of `atcheckpoint()` and `atrestart()` now ensures that registered signal handlers are invoked only when a checkpoint or restart of the application is actually in progress (as opposed to the user sending the signals directly via a function such as `sigsend()`).

- The Falls screen saver is a new choice that can be selected from the IRIX screen saver control panel. It is an OpenGL depiction of a waterfall.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.17:

- With IRIX 6.5.17, the underlying documentation tools and books have undergone a major upgrade. These processes now allow for SGML or XML documents to be published directly into HTML (our delivery format). These same tools are available to you as part of the "SGI Book Building Tools" product; formerly the "IRIS InSight Professional Publisher".

For viewing documentation on the IRIX Interactive Desktop, the following changes have been made: InfoSearch (the primary online documentation viewer) has been revamped to support the new document format, SGIHelp (the IRIX Desktop Help system) has undergone minor changes, and the Dynaweb product is no longer shipped (or required). In addition, the IRIS InSight Viewer (`insight`) now exists solely as an intermediate process that launches your standard desktop web browser to access InfoSearch. Online books can also be viewed using your standard desktop web browser by opening the (local) file:

```
/usr/share/Insight/library/SGI_bookshelves/index.html
```

Our goal is to deliver all online books to you in this new format. There are circumstances whereby some books may still exist on your local system in the "old format". Examples would include some of the SGI Developer documentation: the MIPSpro compiler books and the ProDev WorkShop books fall into this category (books that require conversion). The online documentation tools will report a warning when encountering books in the "old format" that require conversion.

A conversion process is provided (the existing `insightAdmin` command). Various options for performing the conversion are available through this tool. It is important to note that the conversion only needs to be done once, unless additional products are installed that still contain books in the "old format". Be advised that this process can be time consuming. Total time is based on the size and number of books that need to be converted, and the availability of system resources. On average, 1-3 minutes per book on an older desktop-class machine (R5000 O2) can be expected. For that reason, a system administrator may wish to perform this operation at an off-peak time.

For further details, see the `insight` and `infosearch` release notes, and the related man pages (`insightAdmin`, `insight`, `sgihelp`, `infosearch`). Virtually all SGI documentation can be accessed

from <http://techpubs.sgi.com>.

- In IRIX 6.5.17, the Remote Shell Daemon (rshd) has been enhanced to check for expired passwords. Users who attempt to access a system using rsh to an account that has an expired password will be denied access. An administrator who is using password expiration no longer has to disable rshd in order to prevent expired users from accessing the system. For information, see the rshd(1M) man page.
- The overall behavior of the NFS Version 3 client has been modified to improve mixed and heavy load performance. Most casual users of NFS will probably notice little change. However, users should see a marked improvement in performance under the following conditions:
 - Running applications that write large amounts of data over NFS
 - Heavy use of bi-directional NFS I/O
 - Mixed heavy local disk and NFS I/O

To improve performance under heavy loads, a new set of behaviors have been added that perform the following actions:

- Enable full-duplex NFS traffic
- Prevent read and write starvations
- Provide resource limiting to make the NFS client a fairer user of system resources

These behaviors are based on the notion of fair scheduling of asynchronous NFS I/O to prevent starvations and provide more efficient use of network bandwidth and server disk resources. This also extends to prevent starvations between different NFS mounted directories.

- The `build_cmgr_script(1M)` command generates a `cmgr(1M)` script from the cluster database. The script can be used later to recreate the cluster database after performing a `cdbreinit`. For further information, see the `build_cmgr_script(1M)` man page.
- For the IRIX 6.5.17 release, device drivers can create kernel threads not associated with particular interrupts to act as daemons and do background processing. For more information, see the `drv_thread_create(3D)` man page and the *IRIX Device Driver Programmer's Guide*, 007-0911-190.
- For IRIX 6.5.17, two new options have been added to the `cpuset` command. The `-M` option allows the user to move a process or group of processes and their associated memory from one cpuset to another. The `-T` option allows the user to move a process or group of processes but not their memory from one cpuset to another. For more specific information, see the `cpuset(1)` man page.
- In IRIX 6.5.17, support for following interfaces has been added:

- For nodename-to-address and address-to-nodename translations, `getaddrinfo(3)`, `getnameinfo(3)`, `gai_strerror(3)`, `freeaddrinfo(3)`, `getipnodebyname(3)`, `getipnodebyaddr(3)` and `freehostent(3)`
- For interface index-to-name and name-to-index conversions, `if_indextoname(3)`, `if_nametoindex(3)`, `if_nameindex(3)` and `if_freenameindex(3)`

These interfaces perform the following functions:

- The `getaddrinfo()` function translates the node name and/or a service name and returns a set of socket addresses and associated information. This is used in creating a socket with which to address the specified service. It can provide the functionality of `gethostbyname()` and `getservbyname()`.
- The `getnameinfo()` function translates a socket address to a node name and a service location.

The above translations are done in a protocol-independent manner to support both IPv4 and IPv6. (Note that IPv6 is not supported in this IRIX release.)

- The `gai_strerror()` function returns a text string describing an error that is returned by `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()`.
- The `freeaddrinfo()` function frees one or more `addrinfo` structures returned by `getaddrinfo()`, along with any additional storage associated with those structures.
- The `getipnodebyname()` and `getipnodebyaddr()` functions are for node name to address and address to node name translations for a given address family type.

The `getaddrinfo()`, `getnameinfo()`, `getipnodebyname()` and `getipnodebyaddr()` functions are thread-safe.

- The `freehostent()` function frees the memory occupied by the `hostent` structure that was obtained by a call to `getipnodebyname()` or `getipnodebyaddr()`.
- The `if_indextoname()` function maps an interface index to its corresponding name.
- The `if_nametoindex()` function maps an interface name to its corresponding index.
- The `if_nameindex()` function returns all interface names and indexes.
- The `if_freenameindex()` function frees memory allocated by `if_nameindex()`.

For more information, see the `getaddrinfo(3)`, `getnameinfo(3)`, `gai_strerror(3)`, `freeaddrinfo(3)`, `getipnodebyname(3)`, `getipnodebyaddr(3)`, `freehostent(3)`, `if_indextoname(3)`, `if_nametoindex(3)`, `if_nameindex(3)`, and `if_freenameindex(3)` man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.16:

- IRIX 6.5.16 supports a new XThread Control Interface (XTCI) that allows users to control many interrupt thread parameters, including cpu binding. System administrators can use this interface to control kernel thread properties separate from the physical interrupts they service. For information on this interface, see the `realtime(5)` man page.
- For the IRIX 6.5.16 release, performance improvements have been made to the `rtmond` system monitoring daemon. These improvements will be most noticeable on systems with 128 CPUs and larger. For information on the `rtmond` daemon, see the `rtmond(1)` man page.
- For the IRIX 6.5.16 release, Array Services scaling support has increased from a maximum of 8 hosts to 64 hosts. Array Services also provides increased interoperability with job limits and new functions such as `askillash`. For more information, see the Array Services release notes and the `array_services(5)` man page and the Array Services chapter in *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.
- IRIX 6.5.16 provides support for mice with more than three buttons and mice with wheels. Users with Microsoft Intellimouse or Intellimouse Explorer can use this expanded functionality in many IRIX and Open Source applications. For information on this feature, see the `pcmouse(7)` man page.
- The IRIX 6.5.16 release added an `-x[processor]` option to the `mpadmin(1)` command that allows you to exclude the specified CPU from performing any work. This functionality is useful in a situation in which you suspect a CPU may have a hardware error but you do not want to shut down your entire system.

For more information, see the "Excluding a CPU from Performing Work" section in *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation* and the `mpadmin(1)` man page.

- The IRIX 6.5.16 release includes two new options to the `cpr` command:
 - The IRIX 6.5.16 release includes the `cpr -w` option that allows you to use the attribute file located in the current working directory (versus `$HOME/.cpr`). For more information, see the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide* and the `cpr(1)` man page.
 - The IRIX 6.5.16 release includes a new `-m` memory migration option to the `cpr` command, which allows you to migrate the checkpointed memory to the location in the system topology where the restart operation is executing; for example, within a specific `cpuset` or within the global `cpuset`. In addition, a new `CKPT_RESTART_MIGRATE` restart-related flag has been added for use with the `ckpt_restart()` library interface function.

These enhancements to the `cpr` command and `ckpt_restart()` library interface provide better functionality when restarting processes within `cpusets`. For more information on the `cpr -m` option, see the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide* and the `cpr(1)` man page.

- The IRIX 6.5.16 release added a `CONTENTS` action keyword for the `FILE` policy of a `CPR`

attribute file. This causes the system to calculate checksum (currently MD5) on the file at checkpoint. Upon restart, the system detects if the file has been modified between begin-of-file and file-size-at-checkpoint; if the file has been modified in this area, the process is refused restart, otherwise, it seeks to the previous offset and continues. For more information, see the *IRIX Checkpoint and Restart Operation Guide*.

- The IRIX 6.5.16 release added two new functions in the Cpuset library called `cpusetMove(3x)` and `cpusetMoveMigrate(3x)`. The Cpuset library routines, `cpusetMove(3x)` and `cpusetMoveMigrate(3x)`, can be used to move processes between cpusets and optionally migrate their memory. They allow you to move specific processes, or groups of processes, between existing cpusets, and out of a named cpuset into the pool of CPUs not assigned to any specific named cpuset.

Using this functionality, you can easily destroy existing cpusets to free resources to run a prime job and then easily reconstitute cpusets to continue prior jobs. Because memory used by a process can be migrated to the node associated with the new cpuset, memory locality is improved.

For more information on the `cpusetMove(3x)` and `cpusetMoveMigrate(3x)` routines, see Chapter 4, "Using the `cpusetMove` and `cpusetMoveMigrate` Functions" in the *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* manual and the `cpusetMove(3x)` and `cpusetMoveMigrate(3x)` man pages.

- The IRIX 6.5.16 release added a `disable_uspollsema_chk` systune variable for the `usopenpollsema(3P)` library call. This variable turns off the standard access mode checking on `usopenpollsema(3P)` (set on the first call to `usopenpollsema(3P)` via the 'acc' parameter). Some older IRIX applications that were written to work with `usopenpollsema(3P)` may now require this variable.

For more information, see the `usopenpollsema(3P)` man page and the `/var/sysgen/mtune/kernel` configuration file.

- The IRIX 6.5.16 release added documentation for the following kernel tunable parameters:

- `min_bufmem` general parameter

`min_bufmem` specifies the minimum amount of memory held by filesystem metadata that is cached in the buffer cache when the system runs into low memory conditions.

- `rtcpus` dispatch parameter

`rtcpus` controls the quality of the real-time scheduler.

- `bdflush_interval` filesystem parameter

`bdflush_interval` specifies the interval at which the `bdflush` function executes to push dirty file data to disk.

For more information on kernel tunable parameters, see Appendix A in *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*.

- IRIX 6.5.16 provides support for upgrading license_eoe to the FLEXlm 8.1a release from Globetrotter Software, Inc. The license manager daemon is built in V5 compatibility mode. For more information see the *FLEXlm End User Manual* and the associated man pages.

IRIX 6.5.16 also provides support for upgrading license_dev to include new optional thread-safe FLEXlm 8.1a client side libraries and headers. For more information see the license_dev release notes.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.15:

- XFS inode numbers are 64-bit values containing an encoded disk location. For large filesystems (1 Terabyte plus), the inode numbers can overflow into the top 32 bits of the number. Certain backup applications which use the inode number only allow 32 bits of space, and thus have severe problems dealing with very large XFS filesystems.

In IRIX 6.5.15, XFS was changed to allocate inodes only within the lower portion of the filesystem to avoid this overflow issue. Other allocation policies in the filesystem will make this lower order space preferred for inodes and reduce the risk of a filesystem refusing to create new inodes when it still has space available.

For existing large filesystems with high numbered inodes this does not solve the problem, but it does solve it for new filesystems, and for new files created on existing filesystems.

For backwards compatibility a new mount option is available, inode64, this will allow xfs to place inodes anywhere in the filesystem and follow exactly the original placement policies. Filesystems which were small enough not to be able to overflow 32 bits of inode number also retain the old behavior.

- The IRIX 6.5.15 release added support for disks that have a capacity of 2 terabytes. Previously, the maximum was 1 terabyte. The maximum disk capacity had become an issue with the introduction of 180-GB drives, multiples of which can be combined into a single logical unit (lun) behind a RAID controller.

The maximum capacity of a logical unit for both of our current RAID controllers is 2 terabytes, so this change allows us to support that maximum.

- For the IRIX 6.5.15 release, Chapter 5 "System Administration in a Multiuser Environment" in *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation* was updated with a new section on Project ID numbers and the chproj(1) command that changes the project ownership of a file. The project ID may be either a project name found in the project file, or a decimal project ID. For more information, see the chown(1) man page and the *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation* manual.
- In IRIX 6.5.15 and later, the systune parameter gang_sched_off is turned on by default. This means that gangs will not be running on the system unless the system administrator sets

gang_sched_off to 0. This differs from previous IRIX releases, for which gangs ran on the system automatically.

This change has been made per field request because we have discovered that having gang scheduling on by default greatly diminishes system performance. Most customers have been running with it off.

- The IRIX 6.5.15 release added a coremask parameter set in the /var/sysgen/mtune/kernel file to determine what kind of permissions a core file will receive. Currently, when a process creates a core file, it uses the umask of the owner of the process to determine the permissions. This can lead to core files containing sensitive information being created with world readable permissions. This systune variable allows the system administrator to limit access to core files. The default is 0, which is the current behavior. However, if the coremask variable is set to some other value, it uses that number as the umask and ignores the umask of the owner of the process. For example, if coremask is set to 0177 and the owner of the process has a umask of 022, the permissions set on the core file will be 600 instead of 644. This variable assumes that the number entered is octal. The default setting is 0. The minimum setting is 0. The maximum setting is 0177.

For more information on the coremask parameter, see Appendix A, "IRIX Kernel Tunable Parameters", in *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*.

- A new partitioning administration command, partmgr(1M), was added to define and store partition definitions. For more information, see *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*.
- The IRIX 6.5.15 release added support for the /dev/poll interface for scalable and efficient event notification. For information on /dev/poll, see the poll(7M) man page.
- The Dynamic Host Configuration With Proclaim section in *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail* was updated to include detailed procedures and descriptions for setting up DHCP.
- For the IRIX 6.5.15 release, the DHCP client (proclaim) was updated to include options to allow DHCP clients to capture changes to DNS, NIS, or GATEWAY in your environment. For more information, see the proclaim(1M) man page and *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.
- The IRIX 6.5.15 release provides the ability to designate one or more CPUs or a range of CPUs on a single line in the cpuset configuration file. The CPUs in a cpuset configuration file do not have to be specified in a particular order.

The following is a sample configuration file that describes an exclusive cpuset containing 7 CPUs:

```
# cpuset configuration file
EXCLUSIVE
MEMORY_LOCAL
MEMORY_EXCLUSIVE
```

CPU 16
CPU 17-19, 21
CPU 27
CPU 25

For more information on the cpuset configuration file, see Chapter 4, "Cpuset System", in *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration*.

- For the 6.5.15 release, the systune(1M) man page was updated to describe a situation where the system segment size value (syssegsz) reported by the systune command is different than the value set in the /unix file as follows:

The systune(1M) may not show the user-defined value of syssegsz after a system reboot. This is due to the fact that the colormap must be calculated and added to the syssegsz value for machine types IP19, IP20, IP22, and IP32. When systune is called, it compares the value of syssegsz in the kernel to the value set in the /var/sysgen/stune file. If this is done on one of the above machines, the values will not match because syssegsz has been altered with the colormap value in the kernel, but not in the /var/sysgen/stune file. This indicates normal functioning of the operating system.

- Starting with the IRIX 6.5.15 release, each partition of a partitioned Origin 3000 system will have a new unique FLEXlm host ID (lmhostid). Any FLEXlm license based on the old non-partitioned lmhostid value will no longer work and a new license key must be generated. See the following web page for additional details, <http://www.sgi.com/support/licensing/>.
 - Contact the applicable software product vendor and provide the lmhostid number of the partition to generate a new license key. For nodelock licenses, provide the lmhostid for all partitions of the software installed and operating.
 - For software licensed by SGI, see the following web page for more details: <http://www.sgi.com/support/licensing/>.
 - For e-mail and telephone contact information, see the Bundled software page.
- For IRIX 6.5.15 we added HOTPLUG attach and detach support for SGI Gigabit Ethernet Network adapters. This feature is supported on IP35 Origin 3000 series systems only; it is not supported on IP35 0300 systems. For information on this feature, see *IRIX Admin: Networking and Mail*.
- The IRIX 6.5.15 release supports the lmparthostids and lmbasehostid commands. The lmparthostids command generates a list of all 63 partition specific hostids and the unpartitioned id. This list can be passed to a license key generation tool for nodelock licenses so that the license works across all partitions or an unpartitioned system. The lmbasehostid command takes any arbitrary lmhostid (this could be a partition specific value) and generates the base unpartitioned id. That number could be used when the base lmhostid is required, even from a partition.
- FLEXlm v7.2i support from GLOBEtrouter Software, Inc. was added. The license manager

daemon and the floating license server are built in V5 compatibility mode. For backwards compatibility, the client libraries and header files are still based on FLEXlm v6.1g. For more information, see the *FLEXlm End User Manual* and the associated man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.14:

- In the IRIX 6.5.5 release, SGI introduced a new optional directory format for XFS filesystems, referred to as the "version 2" directory format in mkfs output.

XFS filesystems with a version 2 directory format can provide improved reliability and performance over filesystems with a version 1 directory format in some applications, particularly for applications that use NFS exported XFS filesystems.

The directory format for an XFS filesystem is specified with the `-n` parameter of the `mkfs` command. The default directory format is currently the original version 1 directory format.

Beginning with the IRIX 6.5.14 release, version 2 directories of XFS will be the default for all new filesystems created with `mkfs`. Version 1 directory filesystem creation will still be supported, but this will require that you specify the `-n version=1` parameter of the `mkfs` command.

SGI recommends that all new XFS filesystems be created with version 2 directories. IRIX releases older than IRIX 6.5.5, however, will not be able to mount a filesystem created with a version 2 directory and will issue the following message when a mount is attempted:

Wrong filesystem type: xfs

Many SGI customers are currently running production servers with version 2 directories. If you want to format filesystems with the version 2 directory format prior to the IRIX 6.5.14 release, you can specify the following option of `mkfs`:

```
mkfs -n version=2
```

There is no means for converting a filesystem, in place, between version 1 and version 2 directories. A filesystem can be converted between version 1 and version 2 directories by means of an `xfsdump/mkfs/xfsrestore` sequence.

For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*.

- In IRIX 6.5.14, added a `-q cpuset_name -p` option to the `cpuset` command that allows you to see the properties of particular cpuset, such as, the number of processes and CPUs associated with the specified cpuset.
- In IRIX 6.5.14, added `cpusetGetProperties()` and `cpusetFreeProperties()` functions to the Cpuset System library. The `cpusetGetProperties()` function allows you to retrieve various properties associated with a cpuset. The `cpusetFreeProperties()` functions allows you to release the memory used by a `cpuset_Properties_t` structure. Any programmer that uses the `cpuset` API from IRIX 6.5.14 and later, can use these functions. For information, see chapter 4,

"Cpuset System", in the *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* manual and the `cpusetGetProperties(3x)` and `cpusetFreeProperties(3x)` man pages.

- Parts of the *IRIX Interactive Desktop* were refreshed in IRIX 6.5.14. While functionality has not changed, the navigation, imagery, and graphics design have been enhanced in the following areas:
 - The main IRIX login window (`clogin`) has a new design using new SGI colors, font, and logo. The product is called `sysadmdesktop` and appears automatically at boot when `root` has "`chkconfig noiconlogin on`".
 - **EZsetup** has a new layout and login icon using new SGI colors, font, and logo. The product is called `sysadmdesktop` and is launched by logging into **EZsetup account** from main IRIX login window.
 - The **System Manager** main window uses new SGI colors, font, and logo. The product is `sysadmdesktop` and is launched from the **System toolchest**.
 - The Welcome to SGI web pages have new navigation and new SGI colors, font, and logo. The product is `Welcome`. Launch from **Find toolchest**, select **WhatsNew**, double-click the **Welcome_to_SGI** icon.
 - The Background Setting panel includes seven new desktop patterns using the new SGI logo and font: Camouflage, Citrus Citrus, Iron, Midnight, Reef, Sand, and Sprinkle. Note: You may notice slow performance when previewing all but the Sprinkle background, but not when switching desks (see the `background(1)` man page). Old backgrounds are still available. The product is `desktop_eoe` and is launched from the **Desktop toolchest**, select **Customize**, then **Backgrounds**.
- SCSL is a collection of high-performance mathematical and numerical libraries that are widely used in scientific and technical compute intensive applications. An iterative solver for sparse systems of linear equations, as well a direct solver for sparse complex symmetric systems of linear equations, have been added to the SCSL 1.4 release. Additional features added to SCSL for this release are as follows:
 - A thread-safe parallel random number generator
 - Fortran90 interfaces to the BLAS
 - A parallel implementation of the solve phase for the out-of-core sparse solver
 - Removal of all entry points to the CHALLENGEcomplib FFT routines
 - Performance enhancements and rollout bug fixes from SCSL 1.3.

SCSL can also be downloaded free of charge from the Download Cool Software page at <http://www.sgi.com/products/evaluation/>.

For more information on SCSL, see <http://www.sgi.com/software/scsl.html>.

For customers who do not have web access and are enrolled under a valid support contract, CD media can be requested free of charge from their local support center. Non-contract

customers can order SCSL from their local sales representative.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.13:

- The `xfsrestore` command returns an incorrect exit code when it encounters a media error; improving this process lets a system administrator intelligently react to these conditions.
- Improved exit codes for the `xfsrestore` and `xfsdump` commands. This lets a system administrator correctly respond to end-of-media or operator interrupt conditions
- Changed the `mkfs` command to allow you to specify the size of an XFS allocation group, as an alternative to specifying the total number of allocation groups. You use the `-d agsize=` option for this. For information, see the `mkfs_xfs` man page and *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*.
- Changed the `mkfs` command to allow you to specify the size of a stripe unit and the size of a stripe width in bytes or in filesystem blocks, as an alternative to specifying these values in 512-byte block units. You use the `-d su=` and the `-d sw=` options for this. For information, see the `mkfs_xfs` man page and *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*.
- Changed the default size of an XFS allocation group; larger filesystems will result in larger default allocation group sizes.
- The `xfsdump` and `xfsrestore` commands will provide the VSN of the tape that reached its end-of-volume (or the VSN of a new tape that needs to be mounted) and pass this VSN to the `media_change_alert_program` specified with the `-c` option. This lets system administrators send commands to a tape jukebox to mount the next tape.
- Changed the default size of an XFS log. The default log size grows with the size of the filesystem up to the maximum log size, 128 megabytes, on a 1 terabyte filesystem. For information on the default values of XFS allocation groups and XFS log sizes, see *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems*.
- Added `cpusetAttachPID()` and `cpusetDetachPID()` functions to the Cpuset System library. The `cpusetAttachPID()` function allows a programmer to attach a currently running program to an existing cpuset. The `cpusetDetachPID()` function allows a programmer to detach a currently running program to an existing cpuset. Any programmer that uses the cpuset API from IRIX 6.5.13, and later, can use these functions. For information, see chapter 4, "Cpuset System", in the *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* manual and the `cpusetAttachPID(3x)` and `cpusetDetachPID(3x)` man pages.
- The following features have been moved from Enhanced DHCP to standard DHCP:
 - Ping check before an address is leased to insure it is not already in use
 - MAC address filtering; clients whose MAC address is listed in a file will be unable to obtain a lease and/or accesses from these clients will be logged.

For more information, see the `dhcp_bootp` man page.

- Added implementation of End Sequence to Scheduled Transfer Protocol. The upper layer protocol or applications can now terminate a transfer and restart another one without taking down virtual connection.
- VPro for Octane and OpenGL performance improvements have been added as follows:
 - Improved X window performance by 25 percent based on x11perf
 - Improved performance of OpenGL glCopyPixel() function
- The following new system controller features have been implemented for the SGI Origin 3000 server series:
 - Enabled router port security, which prevents unauthorized enabling of additional router ports on router bricks in the SGI Origin and Onyx 3400 server series
 - Enabled system serial number security, which prevents unauthorized changes to the system serial number
 - Completely redesigned the graphical interface for the front-panel display of the SGI 3400 and 3800 servers
- Added hotplug attach feature that allows Gigabit Ethernet cards to be installed on a running system. A system administrator can use the pciconfig command to add cards to an Origin 3000 system and the ifconfig command to configure the cards for networking. For more information, see the pciconfig and ifconfig man pages.
- Added Origin 3000 system partitioning support in the eoe.sw.partition software package. This feature improves how system partitioning software is installed, enabled, and disabled. It also eliminates the need to manually edit configuration files.
- Efficiency improvements have been made to the BTE driver layer to reduce both latency and contention. This feature is a performance improvement to the existing functionality that is used internally by the system.
- The tools that report CPU utilization have been modified to correct the sampling of %WIO to omit idle time in line with industry standards. See the sar(1) man page for details.
- Updated FLEXlm v7.2f support from GLOBETrotter Software, Inc. The license manager daemon and the floating license server are built in V5 compatibility mode. For backwards compatibility, the client libraries and header files are still based on FLEXlm v6.1g. For more information, see the *FLEXlm End User Manual* and the associated man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.12:

- OpenGL Performer 2.4.1 execution environment, which is a powerful suite of tools and features that creates real-time visual simulation and other professional performance-oriented 3D graphics applications for the IRIX operating system. The following new features for

OpenGL Performer provide enhanced realism and peak-performance rendering:

- Programmable model shading using pfShader
 - Use of pfVolFog for rendering layered and patchy fog
 - Use of pfRotorWash to create the visual effect of downwash in helicopter simulation
 - Double-precision matrix support for rendering extremely large databases where objects are far away from the origin
 - CPU priority specification to allow multiple run-time processes to run on the same processor
 - Multi-pipe scalability enhancements
 - Improved pfLOD behavior to allow custom evaluation functions
 - Speed and functionality enhancements for pfFlux, pfCliptexture, and pfLightpoints
 - pfHyperpipe support for the DPLEX hardware option
 - EventView performance tuning tool for instrumenting and tuning your OpenGL Performer application
- The IRIX tape-support feature consists of a tape support driver, personality daemons, and a daemon that manages the personality daemons. The feature enables new personality daemons to be developed and added individually. The tape-support driver, which co-exists with the current IRIX tape driver (tpsc), passes all device-dependent tasks, except for I/O processing, to a personality daemon. This release supports various devices including the Fibre Channel implementation on the StorageTek 9840 and T9940A tape drives. The reserve, release, preempt, clear, and prsv commands are available for these tape drives on the mt command. For more information, see the mt(1), tsarchive(1M), tsdaemon(1M), tserrpt(1M), tsset(1M), tsstop(1M), ts.config(4), and ts(7) man pages.
 - Updated FLEXlm v7.2e support from GLOBEtrotter Software, Inc. The license manager daemon and the floating license server are built in V5 compatibility mode. For backwards compatibility, the client libraries and header files are still based on FLEXlm v6.1. For more information, see the *FLEXlm End User Manual* and the associated man pages.
 - The Scheduled Transfer Protocol (STP) has moved from the feature stream to the maintenance and feature stream. STP is now a mature supported protocol and it includes TRIX support.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.11:

- Support for the use of a reserved area of memory; this reserved area is between virtual addresses 0x30000000 and 0x40000000. This feature disables the reserved area of memory that the kernel provides for applications to place their mmap and shmat mappings. For more information, see the mmap(2), shmat(2), syssgi(2), and sgi_use_anyaddr(1) man pages.
- Support for weightless pthreads; they allow you to lower the priority of a process by using the npri -w command. For more information, see the npri(1) man page.
- Support for upgrading license_eoe to the FLEXlm 7.1 release from Globetrotter Software, Inc. The license manager daemon will be built in V5 compatibility mode. For more information, see the *FLEXlm End User Manual* and the associated man pages.

- Support for an increased maximum number of logical unit numbers (LUNs) in the SCSI infrastructure from 64 to 255. This change impacts only the fcadp and qlfc fibre channel drivers and they will now enforce this LUN limit. If a LUN is greater than 255, it will be ignored after issuing a message to this effect. If you use large numbers of LUNs, you can exhaust the hardware graph. You may need to use the systune command to increase the hwgraph_num_dev parameter to let the kernel build larger hardware graphs.
- Support for licensing of partitioned environments. The SGI Origin 3000 server series and SGI Onyx 3000 series of systems give you the flexibility to distribute and manage a partitioned system environment on a large CPU server system. In most cases, software licensing behaves in the same manner on a single system image as in a partitioned environment. However, there are some differences. Depending on your applications, you may need either systemwide or per-CPU licensing. For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Software Installation and Licensing*.
- Support for the PCI Hot Plug infrastructure on the SGI 3200, SGI 3400, and SGI 3800 servers. The Hot Plug feature consists of the Hot Insertion and Hot Removal actions. Each device driver must be qualified as supporting one or both of these actions. Currently, the QLogic fibre channel and QLogic SCSI device drivers are qualified for Hot Insertion. For more information on specific administrative options, see the pciconfig(1) man page.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.10:

- Support for point-to-point connections between the QLogic 2200 fibre channel controller and the Brocade switch. This type of connection lets the QLogic 2200 controller perform full duplex transfers with the switch offering a potential increase in bandwidth. This capability was enabled by changing the value assigned to the qlfc_use_connection_mode variable (in /var/sysgen/master.d/qlfc) to 2. The previous value was 0. This change does not impact loop operation.
- Support for the IRIX SCSI tape driver (tpsc) enhancements that let system administrators and privileged applications specify a persistent reservation on shared tape drives. After the reservation has been established, the shared tape drive cannot be accessed by another host until the reservation has been released. For more information, see the mt(1) and mtio(7M) man pages.
- Support for the new Fortran, C++, and base compiler runtime libraries packaged under the ftn_eoe, c++_eoe and compiler_eoe overlay images. These libraries are based on the MIPSpro 7.3.1.2m compilers and contain new interfaces released under the MIPSpro 7.3 compilers. The libraries are backward compatible with the libraries that were released in previous versions of IRIX 6.5. For more information, see the ftn_eoe, c++_eoe, and compiler_eoe release notes.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.9:

- Support for Embedded Support Partner 2.0 (ESP2.0). This release supersedes patch 3895 and includes the major features as follows:
 - Automatic Call Logging to the SGI call centers for Mission Critical Supported

customers

- Support of event profiles for monitoring
- A new command line interface to setup and use ESP
- A new user interface with a high level of usability and navigational features
- Fixes to the System Group Manager for secure interconnectivity between group members and the group manager
- Support for an unlimited number of group members to the System Group Manager
- Multiple ESP user support with page privileges
- ESP logbook for electronically logging and tracking support activities locally on the system

The migration from ESP1.0 to ESP2.0 is done seamlessly when upgrading from previous versions of IRIX to IRIX 6.5.9.

The *Embedded Support Partner Overview* and the *Embedded Support Partner User Guide* have been combined. The new document is called the *Embedded Support Partner User Guide* and will contain overview and usage information for the ESP 2.0 command line and graphical user interfaces.

- Support for the SCSI Enclosure Services (SES). A new subsystem that manages the Fibre Channel drive enclosures has been added. The new daemon, `sesdaemon`, supports the Xyratex 12-slot enclosure and the Clarion 10-slot enclosure. The new client application, `sesmgr`, uses a command set similar to the set used by the previous `fcagent/fccli` subsystem. For more information, see the `sesdaemon(1M)` and `sesmgr(1M)` man pages.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.8

- Support for 32-bit direct mapping to any node on the system. This feature lets the system administrator change the 32-bit direct mapping node for a specific Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) bus. It also provides a new interface, `pcibr_get_dmatrans_node()`, that lets a device driver obtain the node ID. For more information, see the *IRIX Device Driver Programmer's Guide* and the `pcibr_get_dmatrans_node(D3)` man page.
- Support for the Cpuset System programming interface application (previously known as `miser_cpuset`). This interface is provided in the form of a Dynamic Shared Object (DSO). You can use this programming interface to create cpusets, remove cpusets, and attach processes to cpusets. You can use the cpuset programming interface in areas where the `cpuset` command is inappropriate. For example, if a batch system needs to use the cpuset capability in IRIX, the programming interface will provide a more flexible and robust solution than the `cpuset` command. For more information, see *IRIX Admin: Resource Administration* and the `cpuset(5)`, `cpusetAllocQueueDef(3x)`, `cpusetAttach(3x)`, `cpusetCreate(3x)`, `cpusetDestroy(3x)`, `cpusetDetachAll(3x)`, `cpusetFreeCPUList(3x)`, `cpusetFreeNameList(3x)`, `cpusetFreePIDList(3x)`, `cpusetGetCPUCount(3x)`, `cpusetGetCPUList(3x)`, `cpusetGetName(3x)`, `cpusetGetNameList(3x)`, and `cpusetGetPIDList(3x)` man pages.
- Support for new Miser cpuset options. These options allow the creation of restrictive memory pools from the nodes that contain the CPUs listed in the configuration file. Processes that exceed the available memory on those nodes may be terminated or paged (selectable). For

more information on these options, see the `cpuset(4)` man page.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.7:

- Support for the IRIX sendmail mail system based on sendmail version 8.9.3 (see <http://www.sendmail.org>). Some of the new functions in version 8.9.3 are as follows:
 - The major difference between sendmail versions 8.8.8 and 8.9.3 is their configuration file. The configuration file in sendmail version 8.9.3 is configured with the *sendmail.mc* file which is processed with the m4 macro processor to create the *sendmail.cf* file.
 - A new version of configmail configures the *sendmail.mc* file and provides features similar to the configmail utility in previous versions of IRIX. This version of configmail also processes the *sendmail.mc* file into *sendmail.cf* by using the m4 macro processor.
 - Sendmail 8.9.3 includes many new features requested by IRIX users, such as anti-relay features which can be used to control spam messages.

For more information on the 8.9.3 version of sendmail, see the *IRIX Administration: Networking and Mail* manual. For more information on how to configure sendmail, see <http://www.sendmail.org/m4/readme.html>. The sendmail feature was initially added to the IRIX 6.5.7 release.

- Integration of the `fsr_xfs(1M)` command into the `fsr(1M)` command. With previous releases of IRIX, the `fsr` command could be run only on EFS filesystems and the `fsr_xfs` command could be run only on XFS filesystems. Both commands reorganize filesystems so that the layout of the extents is improved. This improves the performance of mounted filesystems that have become fragmented over time. With this release, the `fsr` command invokes `fsr_xfs` when it encounters XFS filesystems. With this change, the default `crontab(1M)` entry that calls `fsr`, also reorganizes XFS filesystems. For information on the `fsr` command and the `fsr_xfs` and `fsr_efs` options, see the `fsr(1M)`, `fsr_xfs(1M)`, and `fsr_efs(1M)` man pages.
- Support for the `-u` option of the `sat_interpret` utility that writes unbuffered output. You can use this new option if you are using the `sat_interpret` utility to process system audit trail data, and then you can pipe this output to another filter utility. For more information, see the `sat_interpret(1M)` man page.
- Support for bzero error recovery; this RAS feature prevents the kernel from panicking when a memory Multiple Bit Error (MBE) is encountered while the kernel is zeroing out a new page in the virtual memory fault handler (`vfault`). The kernel will now discard the page with the memory error, grab a new page, and continue its task.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.6:

- Support for a multithreaded version of the automatic filesystem mount daemon *autofs*. This enhanced functionality allows for simultaneous multiple automounts. If a particular server for an automounted filesystem is not running or is slow to respond, one *autofs* thread can wait for that server while other *autofs* threads mount filesystems from other servers. This

capability improves the automount performance and simultaneously provides longer wait times for downed servers, which should lead to a decrease in automount failures.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.5

- Embedded Support Partner, which is an integral part of the IRIX operating system, provides system administrators with a way to monitor various events (such as system events, changes in system hardware and software configuration, and system performance) that can occur on their system. Embedded Support Partner consists of a set of daemons that perform the monitoring activities. These include an event monitoring daemon (eventmond), an event management daemon (espend), and a database daemon (espdbd). Embedded Support Partner provides single system monitoring capabilities as a standard part of IRIX. Optionally, Embedded Support Partner can be configured to receive event and system configuration data from all systems contained within a system group. Embedded Support Partner is controlled through a Web browser that is connected to the Configurable Web Server that is included in the Embedded Support Partner package. For more information, see the *Embedded Support Partner Overview*, the *Embedded Support Partner User's Guide*, and the Embedded Support Partner man pages.
- Support for the version 2 XFS directory format; this format provides you with the capability to choose a filesystem block size to match the distribution of data file sizes without adversely affecting directory operation performance. The directory format is specified with the -n parameter of the *mkfs* command. For more information, see the *IRIX Admin: Disks and Filesystems* and the *mkfs_xfs(1M)* man page.
- SCSL version 1.2 supports features such as convolution/correlation and filter routines to the Signal Processing functionality. Additional IRIX features added to SCSL for this release are improved ordering techniques for the sparse linear solvers, performance enhancements for the MIPS R12000 processor, rollup bug fixes from SCSL 1.1, and all other Challengecomplib 3.1 functionality.
- Support for Automated Performance Monitoring. Together with Embedded Support Partner, the base performance monitoring services in the *pcp_eoe* product have been extended to include an inference engine for evaluating rules about system-level performance and raising alarms. Also provided is a parameterized set of standard rules that can be selectively enabled and tuned to meet local requirements and to choose alternative alarm notification mechanisms. These features are of most value to operations staff running production IRIX systems. For more information, see the *pmie(1)* and *pmieconf(1)* man pages, and the *Performance Co-PilotTM IRIX Base Software Administrator's Guide*.
- Two new options were added to the "miser_create_cpuset" command. These options allow additional restrictions on memory assignment for processes running on a cpuset. These options are documented in the *miser_cpuset(4)* man pages.
- Support for SAN addressing

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.4:

- Support for the Miser queue repack policy. When a job finishes execution prior to the end of its schedule, the system resources it was using are released. This policy attempts to reschedule the jobs using earlier start and end times in order to take advantage of these released system resources. The order of the scheduled jobs will be maintained. This feature can be used by all Miser users running IRIX 6.5.4m or f. For more information, see the miser(4) and miser(5) man pages, and the *IRIX Admin: System Configuration and Operation*, Chapter 7 "Managing User Processes."
- Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) Client for accessing shared resources in distributed computing DCE/DFS serving environments
 - Kernel libraries only
 - As of IRIX 6.5.8 and later, DCE/DFS 1.2.2b software is required for full functionality

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.3:

- (Octane systems only) The worst-case interrupt response time is guaranteed to be less than one millisecond on properly configured Octane systems
- Support for the X security and appgroup extensions (combined with a new Netscape plugin, these allow the embedding of X applications in Web pages)
- Extra support for European fonts, including the new Euro currency symbol
- New Software Manager and Inst commands to simplify selections for upgrades
- New Software Manager and Inst configuration variable to more easily handle cases where configuration files are upgraded. See the "smart_config_handling" preference in inst or swmgr for more information
- LDAP 3.0 now supported

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.2:

- AutoFS extended to use Unified Name Service (UNS) for map information
- Support for DCShare application sharing extension
- Fibre channel support to Dmnet
- Three new HP printer drivers

Applications CD

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.23:

- The following full images were added to the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, February 2004:

- Ghostscript, 8.11
- GSview, 4.5
- XPDF viewer, 2.03
- Motif Accessibility Module, 1.7.3
- The following full image was revised for the IRIX 6.5 Complementary Applications CD, February 2004:
 - Common Desktop Environment, 5.3.3
- The following full images were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, February 2004:
 - Java2 v1.4.1_03 Execution Environment (Sun JRE v1.4.1_02)
 - Java2 v1.4.1_03 Debug Binaries (Sun JDK v1.4.1_02) (dev)
 - Java2 v1.4.1_03 Development Environment (Sun JDK v1.4.1_02) (dev)
 - Mozilla 1.4.1
- The following overlays were revised on the IRIX 6.5.23 Overlay CD:
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop Tools
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop Administration
 - Impressario^(TM)Printing & Scanning Tools
- The following images have transitioned to Expired support mode and were removed from the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, February 2004:
 - Display PostScript/X, 2.0.8 based on PostScript Level
 - Cosmo Create Authoring Environment, 1.0.3a
 - Insight Professional Publisher, 5.3
 - Insight Glossary, 3.0.2 (now distributed with each product release that includes electronic book documentation)
 - Showcase, 3.4.3a

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.22:

- The following full image was added to the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, November 2003:
 - Java3D 1.3.1
- The following full images were added or moved to the IRIX 6.5 Complementary Applications CD, November 2003:
 - OpenOffice.org, 1.0.3.1a
 - Common Desktop Environment, 5.3.2
 - Cosmo Create Authoring Environment, 1.0.3a
 - Netscape Navigator Client, 4.8a (extras)
 - Netscape Communicator Developer's Environment, 4.8a (dev)
 - SGI Book Building Tools, 5.3 (dev)
- The following full images were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, November 2003:
 - Access for Movement-Impaired Users, 1.1.5
 - Adobe Acrobat Reader, 4.05b
 - Macromedia's Flash5 plugin - 5.0.89.2
 - Information Searching Execution Environment, 6.5.22
 - Online Documentation Software, 5.3
 - Java2 v1.4.1_02 Execution Environment (Sun JRE v1.4.1_02)
 - Java2 v1.4.1_02 Debug Binaries (Sun JDK v1.4.1_02) (dev)
 - Java2 v1.4.1_02 Development Environment (Sun JDK v1.4.1_02) (dev)
 - Macrovision FLEXIm (v9.0) License Tools, 3.4.10
 - Mozilla 1.0.2b
 - Netscape Communicator Client, 4.8a
 - SGI Scientific Library 1.4.1.3 (SCSL 1.4.1.3)
 - SGI Web Server based on Apache, 1.3.28
 - SGImeeing Collaboration Environment, 2.0.6

- sgsearch Indexing and Search Environment, 4.3
- SiteMgr - Web Content Administration, 1.2.2
- The following overlays were revised on the IRIX 6.5.22 Overlay CD:
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop Tools
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop Administration
 - Impressario^(TM) Printing & Scanning Tools
 - WebViewer Library Execution only Environment
- The following image was retired from the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD, November 2003:
 - Display PostScript/X, 2.0.8 based on PostScript Level

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.21:

- The following full images were revised in the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - Common Desktop Environment, 5.3.1
 - Information Searching Execution Environment, 6.5.21m
 - IRIS InSight Viewer & Base Environment, 5.2
 - Macrovision FLEXIm (v9.0) License Tools, 3.4.10
 - Mozilla 1.0.2a
 - MPI 4.3 (MPT 1.8)
 - MPT 1.8
 - Fulltext Indexing and Search Environment, 4.3
 - SMA 4.1 (MPT 1.8)
 - Web Setup and Administration, 3.6
- The following overlays images were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - IRIX® Interactive Desktop

- IRIX® Interactive Desktop Tools
- IRIX® Interactive Desktop Administration
- Impressario^(TM) Printing & Scanning Tools
- WebViewer Library Execution only Environment

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.20:

- The following full images were added to the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - Java2 v1.4.1 Execution Environment (Sun JRE v1.4.1)
 - Java2 v1.4.1 Development Environment (Sun JDK v1.4.1)
 - Java2 v1.4.1 Debug Binaries (Sun JDK v1.4.1)
 - Java2(tm) Runtime Plug-in for IRIX, Edition 1.4.1
- The following full images were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - Color Management 2.3
 - Cosmo Create Authoring Environment, 1.0.3a
 - ImageVision Tools, 3.2.2
 - Information Searching Execution Environment, 6.5.20m
 - Macrovision FLEXIm (v8.3b) License Tools 3.4.9
 - Mozilla 1.0.2
 - MPI 4.2 (MPT 1.7)
 - MPT 1.7
 - SGI Scientific Library 1.4.1.2 (SCSL 1.4.1.2)
 - SGImeeting 2.0.5
 - SGI WebServer Based on Apache 1.3.27a
 - IRIS Showcase 3.4.3a
 - SiteMgr - Web Content Administration, 1.2.1

- SMA 4.0 (MPT 1.7)
- Web Setup and Administration, 3.5
- The following overlays were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Overlay CD:
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Tools
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Administration
 - Impressario Printing & Scanning Tools
- The following images were retired from the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - On-Line Registration, 1.4
 - FDDIVisualyzer, 6.5
 - Novell NetWare Client 1.1.1
 - VLAN software 1.0 for IRIX 6.5
 - 3D File Translators 1.1.1

Several overlays were revised to fix Section 508 bugs.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.19:

- The following full images were added to the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - GNU Software configured & precompiled for IRIX, 1.1
 - InSight Base 5.2
 - Macromedia's Flash5 plugin 1.0
 - Mozilla 1.0.1
- The following full images were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD:
 - Access for Movement-Impaired Users 1.1.4
 - Adobe Acrobat Reader 4.05a
 - Cosmo Player VRML Viewer 2.1.6 for IRIX 6.5

- GLOBEtrouter FLEXIm License Tools 3.4.8
- Information Searching Execution Environment, 6.5.19m
- InSight 5.2, InSight Dev 5.2, and InSight Glossary
- NEdit 5.3
- Netscape Communicator, Navigator, and Dev 4.8
- Outbox Personal Web Site 1.8
- SCSL 1.4.1.1
- SGImeeting 2.0.4
- SGI WebServer Based on Apache 1.3.27
- Fulltest Indexing and Search Enviroment 4.2
- WebSetup 3.4
- The following overlays were revised for the IRIX 6.5 Overlay CD 2003:
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Tools
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Administration
 - Impressario^(TM)Printing & Scanning Tools

Several overlays were revised to fix Section 508 bugs.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.18:

- The following full images were added to the IRIX Applications CD:
 - Common Desktop Environment 5.3 (CDE)
 - Java2 v1.3.1_02 JRE
 - Java2 v1.3.1_02 JDK
 - Java2 v1.3.1_02 plugin
- The following full images were revised with bug fixes for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD for IRIX 6.5.18:

- Fulltest Indexing and Search Environment
- Information Searching Execution Environment
- InSight, InSight Dev, and InSight Glossary
- License Tools
- SCSL 1.4.1
- The following full image was revised with localization updates for the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD for IRIX 6.5.18:
 - SGImeeting 2.0.3a
- The following Overlays were revised with bug fixes for the IRIX 6.5 Overlay CD for IRIX 6.5.18:
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Tools
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Administration
 - Impressario Printing Tools
- Several overlays were revised to fix Section 508 bugs.
- The IRIS InSight Viewer (insight) was converted to a full image rather than an overlay image and the Dynaweb product was removed.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.17:

- The following products were added to the IRIX Applications CD:
 - MPT 1.6 - Message Passing Toolkit

MPT was previously released on a separate CD. It is also available as a download from the Products Evaluation page. It includes MPI 4.0 and SMA 3.2.
 - SCSL 1.4.0.1 - Scientific Computing Software Library

SCSL was moved from the Overlay CD to the Applications CD. It is also available as a download from the Products Evaluation page.
 - Teleffect 1.0 - Mouse and keyboard sharing service

Teleffect was moved from the Teleffect CD to the Applications CD. The Teleffect

product enables the sharing of a single keyboard and mouse between multiple IRIX or Windows NT systems. An NT install shield for Teleeffect is located in /CDROM/NT/TeleeffectInstall.exe.

- The following products were updated with bug fixes only:

- Impersario Printing Tools
- Webviewer
- IRIX Interactive Desktop
- IRIX Interactive Desktop Tools
- IRIX Interactive Desktop Administration

In IRIX 6.5.17, the Jot text editor was replaced with a wrapper to launch NEdit. The Desktop Utilities customization panel still allows Jot to be chosen as the desktop environment Text Editor.

- The following products contain enhancements or new features:

- NEdit 5.2a

In IRIX 6.5.17, NEdit 5.2a added localized strings and messages.

- SGImeeting 2.0.3

The SGImeeting user interface was reworked to make it more compact and attractive. Changes include new icons, popup tooltips, color scheme support, and better desktop integration.

- SGI Webserver 1.3.26

In IRIX 6.5.17, SGI Webserver 1.3.26 added Trusted IRIX(TM), Kasenna(TM) MediaBase, and base SSL (Secure Socket Layer) support.

- FLEXlm License Tools 3.4.7

The floating license server was upgraded to FLEXlm v8.1b.

- InSight 5.0

- InSight Dev 5.0

- Information Searching Execution Environment 6.5.17m

- SgSearch 4.0

- InSight, SgSearch, and InfoSearch changed from being overlay images to being full images. Because of the changes for InSight, AccessX, Gateway, Imgttools, Outbox, Showcase, and Sitemgr had their online books rebuilt with no other software changes.
- Dynaweb has been removed from the IRIX Applications CD since its functionality has been integrated into InSight and InfoSearch.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.16:

- The following products were updated with bug fixes only:
 - Impersario Printing Tools
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Administration
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop Tools
 - SGImeeting 2.0.2
- The following products contain enhancements or new features:
 - Array Services 3.5
 - Information Searching Execution Environment
 - License Tools 3.4.6
 - NEdit 5.2
 - Xinet Appletalk 10.02

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.15:

- The following products were updated with bug fixes only:
 - Netscape Communicator 4.79
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop System Administration
 - Information Searching Execution Environment
 - Impersario 2.10.5
 - NEdit 5.1.1c
 - Webviewer 3.0.2

- InSight Online Doc Viewer 4.4.1 is now N32 for better performance.
- SGI Web Server, based on the Apache 1.3.22
- SGI Scientific Library 1.4.0.1 (SCSL 1.4.0.1) is now included on the IRIX Overlays CDs.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.14:

- The following products were updated with bug fixes only:
 - Bug fix update for SGImeeting 2.0.1
 - Final bug fix update for Color Management
 - Bug fix update for Internet Gateway 3.2
 - Security and other bug fixes for NEdit 5.1.1b
 - Minor fixes for Appletalk 10.01
 - Netscape Communicator 4.78

By default, Netscape Communicator version 4.78 will install the new N32 version of the browser. Any existing third-party plugins for the browser that are O32 will no longer function. Support for the Macromedia Flash plugin is also included. For more information, see <http://browsers.netscape.com/browsers/main.tmpl>.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.13:

- The following products were updated with bug fixes only:
 - SGI Web Server, based on the Apache 1.3.20
 - For details on how to change your default web server and configure and administer the SGI Web Server, see *Caveats to Read After You Upgrade* .
 - IRIX Interactive Desktop System Administration
 - Information Searching Execution Environment
 - InSight Online Doc Viewer 4.4
 - Netscape Communicator 4.77

By default, Netscape Communicator version 4.77 will install the new N32 version of the browser. Any existing third-party plugins for the browser that are O32 will no longer function. Support for the Macromedia Flash plugin is also included. For more information, see <http://browsers.netscape.com/browsers/main.tmpl>.

- WebSetup 3.3 has been updated to support the SGI web server based on Apache 1.3.20 and an administration GUI has been added.
- Impressario 2.9.5 supports a new HP6300 Scanner driver and an Epson PPD bug fix.

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.12:

- SGI web server, based on the Apache web server version 1.3.17, replaces the Netscape FastTrack web server; for details on how to change your default web server and configure and administer the SGI web server, see Caveats to Read After You Upgrade.
- WebSetup 3.2 has been updated to support the SGI web server based on Apache
- NEdit version 5.1.1a has added extensions to the regular expression syntax, an improved international character set input, new macro subroutines, and improved syntax highlighting for several programming languages.
- Runtime Plug-in for IRIX, Java(™) Edition 1.1.1b has added support for the Netscape N32 plugin and the O32 plugin.
- The following products from the Isogon Corporation have been removed: LicensePower/iFOR IS4.0.1 ARK and LicensePower/iFOR IS4.0.1 CRK. Sales and support has been divested to the Isogon Corporation at <http://www.isogon.com>. For more information on support modes, see the Support Policy page at Supportfolio Online.
- Impressario 2.8.5 supports two new HP printer drivers, HP4050 and HP8100

Introduced in IRIX 6.5.11 and earlier:

- NEdit version 5.1.1 has added extensions to the regular expression syntax, an improved international character set input, new macro subroutines, and improved syntax highlighting for several programming languages.
- Cosmo Player 2.1.5 release has added support for the Netscape N32 plugin
- CustomerLink Client Software will no longer be supported. Its key features have been migrated to the Supportfolio Online site.
- Customer Support Services Base Software will no longer be supported. Its key features have been migrated to the Supportfolio Online site.
- Impressario 2.6.5 has added 1000 new PPD files to the `/usr/spool/lp/PPD_untested/` directory. The README file in this directory contains details on how to use the new drivers. The new PPD files include printers from the following manufacturers:
 - 3M
 - Adobe

- Agfa
 - Apple
 - Autologic
 - Canon
 - Dataproducts
 - Epson
 - FujiPhotoFilm
 - Hitachi Koki Co., Ltd.
 - Hewlett-Packard
 - IBM
 - Kodak
 - Konica
 - Linotype
 - MGI
 - Mitsubishi
 - OKI
 - Optronics
 - PrePress
 - QMS
 - Ricoh
 - Samsung
 - Scitex
 - Shinko
 - Sony
 - Splash
 - Topmax
 - Tektronix
 - Xante
 - Xerox
-
- Netscape Communicator 4.76; by default, version 4.76 will install the new N32 version of the browser. Any existing third-party plugins for the browser that are O32 will no longer function. Support for the Macromedia Flash plugin is also included. For more information, see <http://home.netscape.com/communicator/v4.5/tour/index.html>
 - Netscape FastTrack Server 3.03 contains an updated version of the Administration Server 3.52.
 - NetWare Client 1.1.1 has added support for IP35.
 - Runtime Plug-in for IRIX, Java(™) Edition 1.1.1a has added support for the Netscape N32 plugin.
 - SGImeeting Collaboration Environment with Extensions, 2.0, Net-based data-conferencing, application-sharing software. A 30-day evaluation license is included. The following enhancements are supported:
 - Enhanced NetMeeting 3.0 interoperability - enables offline selection of compatibility for

sharing applications supported by NetMeeting 3.0. For more information, see the *SGImeeting Help and User's Guide*.

- Speed dialing - enables creation of .cnf files and initiates calls from the command line
- Background operation - provides selections for SGImeeting to minimize, remain actively connected in the background, and pop up when you receive a call
- Grouped window sharing - enables selecting all windows with a specific X class name to be treated as a single application and shared as a group
- Response time performance improvement - redraws during application sharing are faster among other functional activities

The SGImeeting Extensions also offer additional whiteboard tools as "plugins" that appear on the whiteboard tool palette. These tools are ideal for group discussions in CAD and image intensive industries. The following extensions are available:

- A screen capture tool for dynamic or still whiteboard input
- A video capture tool for dynamic or still whiteboard input
- Customizable arrows and dimension markers for easy discussion pointing
- Symbol palette for drag and drop images
- SmartClear for clearing annotations when captured images update

For more information on SGImeeting, see <http://www.sgi.com/software/sgimeeting>. For additional assistance, contact your local SGI sales representative.

- WebViewer Library Execution only Environment 3.0 release
- Xinet Macintosh Connectivity Software, also referred to as Xinet Appletalk, now includes K-AShare, K-FS, and K-Spool software. These products provide enhancements for Macintosh file sharing, file serving, and printing connectivity with IRIX systems. These Xinet products were updated to version 10.02 in the IRIX 6.5.9 release. Version 10.02 is only the demonstration version; **no** license is included. Any licenses from previous versions of Xinet software will not work with version 10.02. For more information on Xinet products, see <http://www.xinet.com>. For technical or sales questions, please contact Xinet at sales@xinet.com or 1.510.845.0555.

IRIX OS Bundled Software

- Out of Box Experience (OOBE) CD has been removed.
- Hot Mix CD has been removed.

For more information about the bundled software that is included with this release, see CD Contents and the Bundled Software and Licenses web page that you can access from the Welcome web page.

Documentation

Manuals in the the IRIX Admin document set are updated when necessary to document new features at each IRIX release. The front of each manual includes a description of new features and major documentation changes for the current revision, as well as a record of when the

manual was revised. The most recent version of an IRIX Admin document available on the Technical Publications Library includes information for features available in the current IRIX release.

The Tech. Pubs library is available at: <http://techpubs.sgi.com>

IRIX 6.5 Key Features

IRIX 6.5 feature categories:

Binary Compatibility

Desktop

Digital Media

Documentation Content and Delivery

Graphics

I/O

Networking

Hardware Support

Origin Database

Origin Enterprise System Management

Origin Reliability, Availability, Serviceability (RAS),

Origin Scalability

PC & Macintosh Interoperability

PCI

Personal System Management

Scheduling

Security

Software Distribution

Standards

X11/Motif

Binary Compatibility

Includes both a 32-bit and a 64-bit runtime environment. Systems that use the 64-bit runtime environment support both 32-bit and 64-bit applications; systems that use the 32-bit runtime environment, such as the O2, will only support 32-bit applications.

Systems that support a 32-bit runtime environment with 64-bit extensions*:

- Indigo R4000
- Indigo2
- Indy

Systems that support a 64-bit runtime environment:

- Challenge R4000
- Onyx R4000
- Power Indigo2
- Power Challenge

- Challenge S/M R4000
- Indy/Challenge
- O2
- O2 R10000

**64-bit extensions include support for XFS filesystem and 64-bit long integers, excluding 64-bit address spaces.*

- Power Challenge
- Power Onyx
- Indigo2 Extreme 10000
- Indigo2 Impact 10000
- Origin 200
- Origin 2000
- Origin 300
- Origin 3000
- Onyx 3000
- Onyx2
- Octane
- Octane2

Desktop

Products:

- Site Manager 1.1, for web content validation and version control, workflow support, 3D visualization, and server traffic statistics
- Adobe Acrobat 3.0, for viewing PDF documents
- Nedit, new default text editor; jot is also available
- Accessibility Panel, new graphical interface for AccessX software, allowing movement-impaired users to use the keyboard and mouse more efficiently
- WebViewer 3.0 now supports CSS1 Style sheets, Netscape plug-ins, JavaScript, history mechanism, animated GIFs (WebViewer is embedded in System Manager, File Manager, Software Manager, InfoSearch, EZ-setup, Site Manager, Out of Box Experience, and SGIHelp)
- Netscape Communicator 4.05 provides support for Navigator (browser), Messenger (e-mail), Composer (content creation), and Collabra (news reader); MediaMail no longer supported-see preinstallation caveat
- Netscape Communicator Lite 4.05 provides support for Navigator (browser) only

General Changes:

- Desktop now called IRIX Interactive Desktop (previously Indigo Magic)
- For security, ability to display applications that are running on other systems is now off by default (see the online *Desktop User's Guide*, "About the Remote Display Feature," for details)
- Performance improvements in application startup
- Impresario now supports PostScript Printer Description (PPD); HP and Lexmark PPD drivers are included with software

Digital Media

- Media Player now supports movies played to video output
- Movielib file now supports Quicktime MJPEG-A files
- Movielib, Media Player, and Movie Maker now support DV DIF files

- Sony DAT Qualification (LibDatAudio)
- Support new Audio Subcode I/O
- Hardware generated audio events, sample rate changes
- O2 and Octane Digital Media Buffers (dmbuffers) now support the same interface--the Octane 6.4 interface (for compatibility, the O2 IRIX 6.3 interface will continue to be supported)
- For compatibility, VL Buffers continues to be supported for IRIX 6.2 and earlier applications (dmbuffers are recommended for new application development)

Documentation Content and Delivery

- InfoSearch, new and improved online viewer and search engine for books, man pages, and Release Notes
- New on the Toolchest: Help > Quick Answers; Help > Hints and Shortcuts
- See the Resources section for comprehensive overview of useful information and support

Graphics

- Support for OpenGL 1.1 on all systems
- Imaging performance increased for O2
 - Increased performance for luminance (8 and 16-bit) and RGB images
 - Increased performance for general and separable convolves
 - Increased throughput through the imaging engine

I/O

- Guaranteed Rate I/O (GRIO) support
- Project quotas
- User space serial I/O
- Fibre channel Arbitrated Loop Topology (AL)

Networking

- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) version 2
- (Origin systems only) HP-UX MIB/SNMP provides network manageability in enterprise environments
- Unified Name Service now supports yp services
- NFS for data-serving
- (Origin systems only) Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) Client for accessing shared resources in distributed computing DCE/DFS serving environments

Origin Database

- Database Accelerator (DBA)

Origin Reliability, Availability, Serviceability (RAS)

- SBE reporting mechanism

- Automatic disabling of failing components while booting
- Extended memory error handling

Origin Scalability Features

- Single system environment consisting of up to 128 processors
 - Single system image
 - Support for balanced batch and timeshare workloads
 - Single administrative entity
- Partitioned system environment consisting of up to 128 processors
 - Partitioned system image with firewalls between each origin partition
 - Application availability with Failsafe (option)
 - Administration through IRIS Console

PC & Macintosh Interoperability

- (O2 systems only) SoftWindows 95 for Windows 3.1 and Windows 95 terminal emulation on IRIX
- Xinet Appletalk for Macintosh file and print sharing
- Novell Netware
- SAMBA provides interoperability with Server Message Block (SMB) clients

PCI

- Support for multifunction cards
- User-level PCI drivers can now be developed for Octane

Personal System Management

Products:

- New and improved personal system administration interactive guides and tools (accessible from the System Manager)
- Process Manager, graphical tool to manage processes
- Hosts Guide, graphical tool to setup your network

General Changes:

- Startup login screen is user configurable (for example, user icons can be replaced with any image)
- Support for personal filetypes--allows users to create custom icons for their desktops
- Keyword search now supported in System Manager
- Backup and Restore graphical tool now uses *cpio*

Scheduling

- (Origin systems, Onyx2 systems only) The worst-case interrupt response time is guaranteed to

be less than one millisecond on properly configured Origin and Onyx2 systems with up to eight CPUs

- Miser predictive batch scheduler
- Share II resource manager (option)

Security

- Most features of the Commercial Security Pack are now bundled into IRIX 6.5
- Least Privilege (POSIX P1003.1e), which allows allocation of system privileges individually (rather than setuid)
- Access Control List
- Single Sign-on via Distributed Computing Environment (DCE)

Software Distribution Features

- Inst now supports ISO 9660 CDs

Standards

Standards compliance under IRIX 6.4 will be extended, with the addition of:

- Year 2000 compliance as defined by the X/Open group
- UNIX 95 Certified Single UNIX Specification - Spec 1170/UNIX 95
- DII-COE Kernel Version 3.2 available for development projects
- Full pthreads support, including system scope

X11/Motif

- Improved performance for X11 and Motif
- Thread-safe Xlib and Xt
- Support for X11R6.3 server and libraries (previously X11R6.1), including support for Low-Bandwidth X
- Continue to support Motif 1.2.4
- Improvements to the hardware colormap implementation minimizes colormap flashing for Impact and Octane graphics systems

Installation Caveats

This page provides information on the following topics:

- Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade
 - All-Platform
 - Platform-Specific

- Caveats to Read After You Upgrade

Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade

These caveats make you aware of changes or potential problems that could significantly affect you.

Different caveats will be relevant for different types of users; scan the list for information that applies to you.

This is not a complete list of all known bugs, workarounds, or changes, which are documented in individual product. In addition to reviewing this list, you may want to check the "Caveat and Release Information" section of the current release at Supportfolio Online for any late-breaking information.

All-Platform Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade

- **Updated version of Inst requires patch 5086**

New installation features were used starting with IRIX 6.5.21 that necessitate an updated version of Inst. If you plan to install using the miniroot, then you may do so by the usual method. However, if you do a 'live' install to IRIX 6.5.21 or later, you may have to install a patch.

If you wish to do a live install and are running 6.5.19 or earlier, then you must first install patch 5086. The patch can be found in the buildtools directory on CD1. Once the patch is installed, you must exit the miniroot and begin your upgrade. The patch will be removed automatically once the images have been installed.

Failure to use the patch can result in the following errors during installation:

- WARNING: Invalid filetype "X" ...
- Warnings about corrupted images during initialization
- Unexpectedly long lists of 'missing prerequisites' and 'incompatible with' lines in the output

- **Confirm that the applications you rely on are supported.**

(This is also Step 3 of the Preparation Checklist.)

Note: An application supported on any release in the IRIX 6.5 family will run on all subsequent IRIX 6.5 releases. Additionally, the application will be compatible with all prior releases of the IRIX 6.5 family, as long as it does not utilize a new feature from a later 6.5.x release.

Here are some examples (*not a complete list*) of applications that either need to be upgraded or are not supported:

- **DFS Domestic**

DFS Domestic version 1.2.2a (1275426100) is incompatible with IRIX 6.5.17. DFS Domestic version 1.2.2b is compatible with IRIX 6.5.17. DFS Domestic users must remove DFS Domestic version 1.2.2a and install DFS Domestic version 1.2.2c after they upgrade.

○ **Netscape Communicator or Navigator**

By default, version 4.79 will install the new N32 version of the browser. Any existing third-party O32 will no longer function. If you require existing O32 plugins, you can install an O32 `netscape.sw.o32_client` and `netscape.o32_plugin.*`. An O32 version of the Macromedia Flash5 plugin planned for the near future. Real.com has a Netscape N32/O32 version of the Macromedia Flash5 plugin. Check the third-party web sites for updates on the status of their plugins.

○ **REACT/Pro**

REACT/Pro>Version 3.2 is incompatible with IRIX 6.5.2 or later releases. REACT/Pro uses the frame scheduler applications on IRIX 6.5.2 or later.

○ **HIPPI**

HIPPI Version 4.0 or later is needed to run on IRIX 6.5.9 or later. To find out how to upgrade, see <http://www.sgi.com/software/hippi/>.

○ **iFOR/LS**

Contact the Isogon Corporation at <http://www.isogon.com> for the latest release of LicenseP (iFOR/LS) that runs on IRIX 6.5.

○ **Inventor**

Version 2.1.6 or later is needed to run on IRIX 6.5.15. The Inventor overlay 2.1.6 is available in the directory of IRIX 6.5.15 Overlays CD (3 of 4), February 2001. This overlay requires that the previous version is installed already, or with the overlay during the same install session. The Inventor overlay 2.1.6 is available on the IRIX 6.5.15 CD and later.

If you have Inventor 2.1.5 installed through some other mechanism, you will get a conflict message when you install the new release. If you get this conflict, you can resolve it by using the following set of commands. If you are installing from the installation CDROM or a network distribution for it as part of the process. From within you can use the following commands:

```
open <Inventor 2.1.6+ from /CDROM/dist/inventor_657+>
open <Inventor 2.1.4 from the base IRIX 6.5 CD>
install inventor_eoe
set neweroverride on
```

Ensure that you have not selected any other downgrades before proceeding or an incorrect installation. You can check for other downgrades by using the following command:

```
list i D
```

If any subsystems other than `inventor_eoe` are listed, you must deselect them before you continue.

○ **Intranet Junction**

Version 1.0.2 or later is needed to run on IRIX 6.5.x releases.

○ **ClearCase**

See the RATIONAL Software site for information on purchasing a version of ClearCase that runs on IRIX.

○ **Sybase**

Contact Sybase, Inc. for information on purchasing a version of Sybase that runs on IRIX 6

Cumulative for 6.5 through 6.5.23, and still applicable for 6.5.24:

● **Installing GNU 1.1**

The GNU 1.0 product is distributed on the base IRIX 6.5 CDs as a courtesy to customers who wish to use GNU products. This product is not installed by default; it must be explicitly selected. The GNU 1.0 packages contain several bugs and known security holes. Version 1.1 of the GNU product is included with IRIX 6.5.24 and removes all content from the GNU package, instead installing symbolic links to the corresponding Freeware distribution.

If you installed any of the GNU 1.0 subsystems and have not installed their freeware counterparts, you may experience conflicts during installation. From within your installation session you may enter the following command to install the GNU 1.0 distribution:

```
keep gnu
```

SGI recommends that you either download and install the prerequisite freeware packages from the Internet or complete the upgrade or remove the GNU package entirely by entering the following command:

```
remove gnu
```

● **Kodak CMM Color Management Removed in 6.5.15**

Kodak CMM Color Management library has been removed from the cms_eoe and cms_dev products starting with IRIX 6.5.15. If you are upgrading from IRIX 6.5.14 or earlier and depend on color correction for scanning and image rendering, you must install a copy of /usr/lib/libcmm.so and /usr/lib32/libcmm.so prior to the upgrade. After the upgrade you must move these files to their original locations.

● **CXFS upgrades: filesystem definitions**

The structure of the CXFS filesystem configuration was changed with the release of IRIX 6.5.13f. The configuration in earlier versions is no longer maintained as of IRIX 6.5.14f, since all nodes in the cluster must be on the same IRIX releases.

- If you are upgrading from IRIX 6.5.13f to 6.5.14f or later, there is no further impact.
- If you are upgrading from 6.5.12f or earlier, you must perform a one-time manual conversion of the CXFS filesystem definitions.

See *SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS Administration Guide* for more information.

● **CXFS upgrades: cluster nodes**

For CXFS customers, if you install IRIX 6.5.14f or later including sysadm_base on a cluster node where an earlier version of CXFS is installed, you will need to upgrade to the 6.5.14f or later version of CXFS (sysadm_cluster).

- **Installation of `ftn_eoe.sw.lib` from the MIPSpro 7.3 product downgrade conflict**

Users who have installed `ftn_eoe.sw.lib` from the MIPSpro 7.3 product before installing the IRIX downgrade conflict with distribution subsystem `ftn_eoe.sw.lib` when they install with the `inst` have the original 6.5 Foundation-1 CD open when they do the installation.

If this downgrade conflict occurs, you must specify the `keep ftn_eoe.sw.lib` command. The `ftn_eoe.sw.lib` was replaced by the 7.3 `ftn_eoe.sw.lib`, and the install program logic with `inst` selects downgrades.

Customers who have the MIPSpro 7.3 compilers installed or who will install MIPSpro 7.3 on R40 running IRIX 6.5.5 should install the new 7.3.1m runtime libraries that are available from Support

Customers enrolled under a valid support contract who do not have web access can obtain these libraries charge upon request from their local support organization

- **Configuration files**

If you have edited configuration files, check for changed versions at end of installation.

Ideally, configuration file differences should be merged prior to restarting the system *at the end of* the system at the end of your installation, use the `Inst` command `admin config changed` to find configuration files were modified since installation. You can find out more about this command by entering `help` avoid compatibility problems, merge configuration files if new versions were created. The "Updating of the versions(1M)" man page describes configuration file updating, as does the online *IRIX Administration Licensing* guide.

One example of a file that may need to be merged is the `/etc/group` file. If you have edited your `group` file now reinstalled caveat under Caveats to Read After Upgrading

- **XVM root filesystem**

If you are running the 6.5.13f release leg of the IRIX operating system and are installing or upgrading the root filesystem from under the miniroot, you will need to detach all mirror legs except for the one on which you run the `install` command. Failure to do so could result in filesystem damage. The detached legs can then be reattached after the installation is complete and the system is booted

- **CXFS and IRIX FailSafe coexecution configuration**

As of IRIX 6.5.12f, a cluster can be configured with a maximum of 48 nodes. All the nodes in the cluster as 8 nodes can also run IRIX FailSafe (coexecution).

CXFS 6.5.12f and later can install and run CXFS with IRIX FailSafe 2.1 or later, with applicable FailSafe coexecution. However, CXFS cannot reside on the same system with earlier versions of IRIX FailSafe. If you have an earlier version of IRIX FailSafe, you must deinstall it before you can install CXFS, and vice versa). For more information on a license, contact your SGI service provider.

- **The Fortran BLAS libraries packaged under `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas` (`ftn_eoe.sw64.libblas` on IRIX) default installation**

As a result of this packaging, you may receive the following conflict during installation if you did

Overlay product `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas (1276765510)` cannot be installed because of base product `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas (1274567300)`:

1a. Do not install `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas (1276765510)`

1b. Also install base product `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas (1274567300)` from an additional CD or specify another software distribution

You can resolve this conflict by either not installing libblas or by installing the base product from

- **System processor compatibility with XVM**

XVM installed with CXFS is currently qualified on IP27 systems (Origin 200, Origin 2000, and C the SGI Origin 3000 server series.

- **Use the XVM give and steal commands with extreme caution**

XVM runs in either the local domain or in the cluster domain, and XVM disks are classified according to the local domain, an active cluster domain, or a foreign domain. The XVM give and steal commands change the ownership of a list of XVM disks. Here are some guidelines to follow when using the give and steal commands:

- If you are changing the domain ownership of XVM disks, you should use the give command first. The steal command is intended to be used only as a last resort when the give command cannot be used.
- In general, an XVM probe command should be run after the give command. If the XVM disk is given to a new cluster, the probe command is run on the new owner host. If the XVM disk was given to a new cluster, the probe command is run on the new owner host that is a member of that cluster.
- The give and steal commands should never be used so that a multidisk volume configuration is split between domains. The user must ensure that the list of disks that will move from one domain to another is complete. The XVM show command can be used to verify that all configurations are fully contained on this set of disks. The XVM show command can be used to verify the configuration for all volumes in the system, including the full set of disks that contain parts of a volume.

- **The NUMA migration call `migr_range_migrate()` was not reporting a migration failure**

The NUMA migration call `migr_range_migrate()` was not reporting a migration failure when the migration failed to a nonexistent node or an uninitialized policy module of an SGI Origin system. Beginning with the 1.5 release, the error condition is now reported back to the user application as `EINVAL`. For more information, see the caveat [MediaBase application and it will be fixed in a subsequent release.](#)

- **The fibre channel storage area network (SAN) port names may change**

There has been a change in the way the final component of a fabric target's path will be generated. The final component may have that port name shortened to a single digit port name. This change **will** affect you. This name change will require you to update the paths to fibre channel fabric devices, including the following files:

- /etc/fstab
- /etc/failover.conf

You are **not** impacted by this change if the paths to your SAN targets are similar to the following

```
/dev/dsk/5006094670006f7d/lun0s7/c4p1
```

You **may** be impacted by this change if the paths to your SAN targets are similar to the following

```
/dev/dsk/5006094670006f7d/lun0s7/c4p5006094670006f7d
```

The path name to the target might be shortened as follows:

```
/dev/dsk/5006094670006f7d/lun0s7/c4p1
```

- **Miser unable to schedule jobs during the transition from Daylight Savings Time to Standard Time**

If the requested time of a submitted Miser job is such that the job, when scheduled, will be executed during a period from Daylight Saving Time back to Standard time, Miser will not schedule the job until after the transition.

- **Installing CXFS and XVM products**

If you install the CXFS and XVM products, it is highly recommended that you check the "Caveats" section of this release at Supportfolio Online for information on the latest CXFS and XVM patches, CXFS and XVM releases, and any late-breaking caveats.

- **The miser_qinfo command only reports the first 250 scheduled jobs**

This limitation is due to the Miser buffer limit and will be fixed in a subsequent release.

- **The miser_qinfo command rounds up the amount of reported available system memory**

The amount of reported system memory available may be inaccurate by 0.5 gigabytes (GB) when the system has less than 1 gigabyte (GB) of memory.

- **Repacking stops scheduled Miser jobs if daemon is restarted**

If scheduled Miser jobs are in a Miser queue that has a repack scheduling policy, after Miser has finished repacking, it stops for the existing jobs.

- **Submitting a large number of jobs to a Miser queue**

If you submit a large number of jobs to a Miser queue, it may result in some of these jobs being held in the queue for a long time.

- **Xservers file changes**

Starting with 6.5, the file `/var/X11/xdm/Xservers` is no longer automatically replaced when installing a new version of X. Instead, the new version is installed as `Xservers.N`. This allows most users to preserve their customizations.

to their `Xservers` file without having to merge them back in with each new software upgrade.

Also, the Xsgi command line argument `shmnumclients` is no longer supported, and will prevent the upgrade specified in the Xserver file. If you added the `shmnumclients` flag to the Xservers file, remove the upgrading to 6.5 or later.

- **"Filesystem too large for device" error message**

If you have repartitioned your disk drive with `fx` but did not create a filesystem with `mkfs`, you may encounter (under certain rare conditions) when booting the miniroot:

```
"Mounting file systems:
mount: /dev/dsk/dks0d1s0 on /root: Filesystem too large for device.
mount: giving up on: /root
Unable to mount partition: /dev/dsk/dks0d1s0 on /root.
This is your system disk: without it we have nothing on which to install software.
Please manually correct your configuration and try again.
Press Enter to invoke C Shell csh:"
```

This generally indicates that you need to run `/sbin/mkfs` on the named disk partition. Inside the miniroot (`mrmkfsrc`) is provided to run `mkfs`.

For example, for the above failure, you could press `Enter` and do the following (only if the disk is the system disk; this procedure will remove all the data on the disk):

```
# mkfs /dev/dsk/dks0d1s0 (if this is the system disk)
# exit (to exit csh and have the miniroot script try to remount root.)
```

- **Upgrade the flash PROM after installation on diskless systems** (see under O2-specific caveats)
- **Obsolete software may cause installation conflicts**

Starting with the 6.5.3 release, the installation process detects some additional software packages that are incompatible with the 6.5 release family. During installation, you may see conflict messages caused by these packages. To resolve these conflict messages, simply choose to remove the incompatible software or replace it with a compatible version.

- **MediaMail now replaced by Netscape mail**

MediaMail is no longer available from SGI. The Netscape mail program, which is bundled with Netscape 4.0, is the new default installed e-mail program for all SGI systems. SGI recommends a transition to Netscape mail and has included software with Netscape that enables conversion of MediaMail mail to Netscape mail.

When you transition from MediaMail to Netscape mail:

- Be sure to check your home directory for a `.forward` file. If you have one that contains a line that references `/usr/lib/Zmail/bin/reassembler`, remove or rename the `.forward` file immediately before upgrading in order to prevent problems with mail delivery to your account. On multi-user systems, each user should do this within their own home directory.

- To learn about getting started with Netscape Mail, see About Netscape Messenger (you can Find > WebTools from the Toolchest, and double-clicking the *AboutNetscapeMessenger* icon).

Note: If you still require MediaMail, please contact NetManage, Inc. for product and sales information at <http://www.netmanage.com>. (Note that NetManage's Z-Mail for UNIX product is the same as MediaMail; MediaMail is no longer officially supported on IRIX.)

- **Appletalk will not work on diskless systems**

Appletalk (Xinet Macintosh Connectivity) won't work on a diskless system because `appletalk` is not installed.

- **XFS filesystem is strongly recommended**

To install this version of IRIX you should have an XFS filesystem. If you want to move a disk with a pre-6.5 system, use the `-d unwritten=0` option when you run `mkfs`, or install the current XFS package.

- **During miniroot installation: innocuous disk space error message**

You may ignore the following message if you see it during a miniroot installation:

```
"/proc/pinfo/: no such file or directory"
```

- **The `ftn_eoe.sw.libblas` and `ftn_eoe.sw64.libblas` are no longer marked for default installation**

This caveat applies only to the IRIX 6.5 through IRIX 6.5.9 releases; it is not applicable to the IRIX 6.5.10 release. If you require these subsystems, you must specifically select them during installation.

- **If you are upgrading from a pre-6.5 release or to a clean disk, you must open the core 6.5 CD-ROM**

The instructions in the Installation Instructions CD booklet will prompt you to do this at the right time.

Platform-Specific Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade

If you have an Octane, O2, Origin 2000, Origin 3000, or Silicon Graphics Onyx4 UltimateVision, please read the following caveats below before you begin your installation.

Octane Systems

- **Upgrade the flash PROM after installation on diskless systems**

On diskless systems, the installation may fail if the flash PROM is not updated. If you are upgrading the flash PROM on an Octane, enter the following lines in a shell:

```
su
/usr/sbin/flash -P /usr/cpu/firmware
```

You can compare the before and after results of `/usr/sbin/flash` by running `diff` on the `/usr/sbin/flash` files before and after the upgrade.

change. Reboot afterward.

O2 Systems

- **Upgrade the flash PROM after installation on diskless systems**

On diskless systems, the installation may fail if the flash PROM is not entered in a shell:

```
su
/sbin/flashinst -T -y -q /usr/cpu/firmware/ip32prom.i
```

You can compare the before and after results of `/sbin/flashinst` change. Reboot afterward.

- **If you program device drivers for the O2 PCI expansion slot, y** (pciio_pio_*) described in Chapter 22 of the *6.5 Device Driver F* section "PCI Drivers for the IP32 (O2) Platform," to perform PIO (use the pciio_pio_* routines for all PIO access to the device, inclu routines were made available in 6.3 via patch 2801 (if your PCI de routines then there is nothing more you need to do).

Origin 2000 Systems

- **Special upgrade instructions for SGI Origin 2000 systems with**

There are special upgrade instructions for SGI Origin 2000 system titled *Upgrading an IRIX Operating System on a /target_root*. To i instructions, please send a request to your local Customer Support see <http://www.sgi.com/support/supportcenters.html>

- **System now reboots on panic without stopping at the PROM n**

Rebooting on panic without stopping at the PROM menu is the ne the system during reboot by pressing the Esc key at the "Starting

If the system panics during the reboot, the system will go into a pa happen, press the Esc key to break the loop.

If you do not want the system to reboot on panic, you can override variable with the PROM variable rebound. To do this, enter the fo accessed via option 5 at the PROM menu:

```
setenv rebound n
```

- **To get the MMSC version number, check the bottom line of th**

MMSC version numbers for this version of IRIX operating system recommends that you upgrade to version 1.2.E if your version is lc

A second way to get the version of all the MMSCs is to connect to MMSC and enter the following:

`^T track * ver`

- **Potential FLEXlm licensing problems**

The Flexible License Manager (FLEXlm) controls the use of certain software products that are asynchronous to the IRIX operating system.

A FLEXlm key is generated for each asynchronous software product using a unique host identifier. Because the Origin 2000 system does not have a unique host ID (lmhostid) of the first system module is used to create a FLEXlm key.

If an Origin 2000 system is reconfigured, a different module with a unique host ID may be located in the first position, causing a previously valid FLEXlm key to become invalid.

If a license key problem arises after a system has been reconfigured, contact the vendor of the software product in question for assistance. Provide the host ID number (the FLEXlm host ID of the first module) of the reconfigured system to the vendor to generate a new license key.

SGI Origin 3000 server series

- **Partitioned Origin 3000 system change**

If your Origin 3000 system is currently partitioned, or if you want to partition your system, you must now install the eoe.sw.partition software package. The eoe.sw.partition file is no longer necessary when enabling system partitioning and you can use the eoe.sw.partition file to enable system partitioning.

- **Partitioned FLEXlm licensing change**

Starting with the IRIX 6.5.15 release, each partition of a partitioned system has a new unique FLEXlm host ID (lmhostid). Any FLEXlm license based on the old lmhostid value will no longer work and a new license key must be generated for each partition. For additional details, see <http://www.sgi.com/support/licensing/partitionlic.html>.

- Contact the applicable software product vendor and provide the lmhostid of the partition to generate a new license key.
- For nodelock licenses, provide the lmhostid for all partitions operating.
- For software licensed by SGI, see the following web page for additional details: <http://www.sgi.com/support/licensing/partitionlic.html>.
- For email and telephone contact information, see the IRIX 6.5.15 release notes under the "Bundled software and licenses" link.

Silicon Graphics Onyx4 UltimateVision

If you upgrade to the Silicon Graphics Onyx4 UltimateVision from an earlier version, you may encounter the following software differences:

- Onyx4 will introduce software differences that may require porting of certain software products.

- IrisGL is being retired and will not be available.
- Xfree86 has been selected as the X Windows server for this
- The following X server extensions will not be available on the Onyx4:
 - DCShare
 - ESA
 - Multibuffering
 - SGI-Multibuffering
 - SGIFullScreenStereo
- The following executables are unavailable on the Onyx4 in the current environment:
 - /usr/sbin/iconsmith
From: desktop_tools (Desktop Tools)
 - shared objects under /usr/lib/ImageVision/
From: il_eoe (ImageVision Library Execution Only Environment)
 - /usr/sbin/imgworks
/usr/sbin/interp
From: imgtools (ImageVision Tools, 3.2.2)
 - /etc/config/debugxserver
/usr/bin/X11/Xsgi
/usr/bin/X11/Xsgi_d
From: x_eoe (X11 Execution Environment, based on X11R6)
 - /usr/lib/X11/system.backgrounds
From: desktop_eoe (IRIX Interactive Desktop)
Note: A few desktop background designs do not appear on the Onyx4.
Most desktop backgrounds do appear on the Onyx4.
 - /usr/sbin/cedit
/usr/sbin/dialwarp
/usr/sbin/loadmap
/usr/sbin/makemap
/usr/sbin/savemap
/usr/sbin/showmap
From: eoe.sw.gltools (Graphics Library Tools)
 - /usr/sbin/cycol
/usr/sbin/palette
From: eoe.sw.imagetools (Graphics Library Image Tools)
 - /usr/sbin/sysmeter
From: eoe.sw.perf (Performance Measurement Utilities)

- /usr/sbin/confidence
From: confidence (Confidence Tests)
- /usr/sbin/sitemgr
From: sitemgr (Sitemgr)
- The Onyx4 does not support additional input devices beyond a key
- The following features and applications function with the limitation
 - SGI Motif: SgColorChooser sliders on the remote display do not
 - Screensaver panel: monitor power save option is unavailable
 - SGImeeting: some features (such as application sharing) do not
 - Locale support: ISO8859-15 locales do not work properly (C displaying correctly). The backgrounds CPU Eater, SGI Log on non-English locales.
- When running the Onyx4, you may see the following message:

```
WARNING: /hw/module/001c01/node/cpubus/0/a: UCE inter
NOTICE: /hw/module/001c01/node/cpubus/0/a: User Data
physical address 0xb2003ba (EPC 0x1006c098)
```

This warning may be safely ignored.

Caveats to Read After You Upgrade

These caveats make you aware of changes or potential problems that could significantly affect your upgrade.

Different caveats will be relevant for different types of users; scan the list for information that

This is not a complete list of all known bugs, workarounds, or changes, which are documented in individual product. In addition to reviewing this list, you may want to check "Caveat and Release Supportfolio Online for any late-breaking information.

Cumulative for 6.5 through 6.5.23, and still applicable for 6.5.24:

- **Cloning system disks with OpenSSH files**

If the OpenSSH server software (openssh.sw.server) is installed on a system disk that you are copying, you should ensure that the system keys are not duplicated. The openssh keys should be unique for

If the following files exist on your system disk, you should remove them from the copy of the disk on another system:

```
/etc/openssh/ssh_random_seed  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_dsa_key  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_dsa_key.pub  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_key  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_key.pub  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_rsa_key  
/etc/openssh/ssh_host_rsa_key.pub  
/etc/openssh/sshd.pid
```

- **OpenSSH server and Privilege Separation**

The OpenSSH server software runs in Privilege Separation mode by default. To start the sshd daemon as an unprivileged user and group named sshd or you will need to change the sshd_config file to dis-

- **DFS warning message**

On systems that have DFS installed, an ld warning will occur when a new kernel image is configured for installation of IRIX 6.5.19 and when kernel components are removed or installed. It may also occur when parameter changes have been made. This warning is harmless and may be safely ignored. An example of the warning is:

```
ld: WARNING 15 : Multiply defined:(strchr) in sgi.a(libc_src.o) and krpch.a(sgi.o) (ignored).
```

- **Do not Use XVM give and steal commands with XVM snapshot volumes**

Use of the XVM give and steal commands with XVM snapshot volumes can cause loss of data and corruption.

- **Reboot system to ensure correct vswap value for sdc/sar**

For IRIX 6.5.17, a fix was implemented to ensure that sdc/sar will give a correct vswap value. To update to the new kernel. If you do not reboot the system, sdc/sar will continue to work, but vswap number accuracy of the sdc/sar number is important, we recommend that you reboot as soon as possible.

- **CXFS message**

In IRIX 6.5.15f, machines running CXFS may send a number of messages to the console similar to the following:

```
NOTICE: cms_action_config: cell 0: reset remoteshutdown
```

This message is displayed as part of normal operations and should be ignored.

- **Supported usage of group quotas**

Group quotas, new for the 6.5.15 release, are supported in the feature stream only. If you implement group quotas subsequently, mount that disk with the pquota mount option on a machine running the maintenance feature stream on which group quotas are not supported, the quota accounting could be corrupted.

- **SGI Origin 3000 Series of Servers**

If you are an Origin 3000 customer (IP35 systems), you should install Patch 4332 on an IRIX 6.5 IRIX 6.5.13f system to avoid an intermittent reset problem with I/O bricks and the BASEIO PRO

- **Netscape FastTrack Personal Web Server replaced by the SGI Web Server based on Apache**

The new default web server on the IRIX 6.5.12 Applications CD is the SGI web server based on t 1.3.17. Functionally, the SGI web server replaces the Netscape FastTrack web server. If you still through the chkconfig command, the new SGI web server will not start up. To enable the new SG following commands before you reboot your system:

```
# chkconfig nss_fasttrack off
# chkconfig sgi_apache on
```

If you changed the default Netscape FastTrack configuration, you must manually move those cha For more information, see the SGI release notes about the SGI web server and the Apache web si

If you use the Web Setup product, you must turn off the Netscape FastTrack version to run the SC following commands before you reboot your system:

```
# chkconfig webface off
# chkconfig webface_apache on
```

The SGI web server includes software that was developed by the Apache Software Foundation (h

The Websetup 3.3 release contains a GUI administrator tool for Apache based on the Apache mo release. The Webmin framework has been configured to only run the Apache module and is acces Administration and then Webservers. The Apache administrator tool can also be accessed directly <http://localhost:8184/>

The only caveat to doing this is that you must have an administrator account for Websetup create administrator tool since it will prompt you for a username and password.

For information about the Apache module for Webmin, click on the following URL:

<http://www.swelltech.com/support/webminguide/server-apache.html>

For general information about Webmin, click on the following URL:

<http://www.webmin.com/webmin/>

For information on how to configure and administer the Apache web server from the command li

<http://httpd.apache.org/docs/>

For a list of frequently asked questions about Apache, click on the following URL:

<http://www.apache.org/foundation/FAQ.html>

- **Downgrading using a live (non-miniroot) installation**

If you are downgrading from feature stream 6.5.x to 6.5 using a live (non-miniroot) installation, *it* continue installing from the miniroot. The prompt is as follows:

```
This software must be installed from the miniroot. The system is about
to be shut down and automatically booted to the miniroot where the
installation will continue automatically. Okay to proceed?
```

It is not necessary to perform this type of installation from the miniroot. To avoid this prompt, the "live_install" preference to "on" before typing go/pressing start.

If you want to downgrade to an earlier 6.5.x version of the feature stream, use the following set of

```
set newoverride on
k *
install standard
install downgrades
install prereqs
keep incompleteoverlays
```

- **Default group file now reinstalled**

With release 6.5.3, the default group file, `/etc/group`, is reinstalled. The original group file is saved only if you have previously edited `/etc/group`. This update is necessary because some optional packages require the group "nobody" to be present during the installation process.

After installation, users who have defined new groups will have to merge the old group file into the new one. please be sure to preserve the entry for "nobody."

The `Inst` command `admin config change` and the post-installation command `versions changed` will update configuration files, including the `/etc/group` file. As mentioned in the Caveats to Read Before You Upgrade, this should be done before at the end of the installation process, but before you restart the system.

- **New file for setting NIS server**

It is no longer possible to set the NIS server in the `/etc/config/ypbind.options` file. If your system is not yet installed, create the file

```
/var/yp/binding/< DOMAIN>/ypservers
```

where `< DOMAIN>` is the NIS domain name. Type the NIS server on a new line in this file.

There were several other NIS-related changes in 6.5 that affect customers who upgrade from a previous version of the system. For example, the IRIX name services have been completely rewritten. Please refer to the Changes and Additions) for details.

- **Remote host display now off by default**

In the interest of security, the ability to display applications that are running on other systems is in a few different ways you can re-enable the remote host display. For details, see "About the Remote Host Display" of the online *Desktop User's Guide*.

- **Printer may not be recognized if turned on after system**

Even after a printer is configured, it may not function if you turn it on after turning on your system device is not present in the hardware graph. To work around this problem, perform the following

```
% su
# cd /dev
# ./MAKEDEV
# ioconfig -f /hw
# exit
```

- **Full hostname now used by default**

For customers installing IRIX on new systems, or reconfiguring existing systems after IRIX is installed, system administration tools now use the fully qualified hostname by default. This affects scripts that use the hostname command. Scripts may need to be modified to use hostname -s rather than hostname. If you are using the default and use only the partial hostname.

- **Gang-scheduled graphics processes can cause graphics to hang**

Graphics programs using the schedctl(2) system call to choose gang scheduling mode (SGS_GANG) can hang. (Gang-scheduled processes that do not use graphics are not affected by this problem.)

Origin/Onyx System Caveats

The following caveat is for all large (64+ processors) Origin/Onyx systems.

- **Process Activity Reporter (par) sometimes hangs**

Par hangs when the system-monitoring daemon, `rtmond`, produces a data stream that overloads the feed `par`, like `padc`, will discard events. If the *process exited* event is discarded by these clients, `par` will see messages like the following in `/var/adm/SYSLOG`:

```
"rtmond[669]: (CPU 0) Client <local>:11:64505 events 1718 dropped (2%) 289 written bytes, 5 push buffers for 80 KB"
```

As shown in this example, you can tell that `par` has hung because the message tells you that the daemon is writing to the disk.

IRIX 6.5.24 CDs

A full listing of the contents of each of the IRIX CDs is available on the IRIX CD Contents page.

Are you upgrading a system running a pre-6.5 version of IRIX, or installing onto a clean disk?

If so, you need to install both the 6.5 and 6.5.24 CDs (except for the 6.5 Installation Tools CD).

Are you upgrading a system running 6.5 or later to IRIX 6.5.24?

Then you only need to install 6.5.24 CDs, unless you want to switch release streams. (To switch release streams, see the Installation Instructions CD booklet.)

1. IRIX 6.5.24 Installation Tools and Overlays CD (1 of 3), May 2004

(Open First)

Contains the miniroot and other components necessary to boot the system into the basic installation environment for operating system installs and upgrades. Contains the "installation tools support for overlays" patch, which is required for live upgrades on systems running 6.5 or later. Also contains the IRIX execution environment. Contains products for either the feature stream or the maintenance stream.

2. IRIX 6.5.24 Overlays CDs (2 of 3 and 3 of 3), May 2004

(Must be Installed)

Contains additional bug fixes, features for feature stream, performance tune ups, and updates for applications in the unbundled directory. Contains products for both the feature and the maintenance stream.

3. IRIX 6.5 Applications, May 2004

(Required for Workstations and Some Servers)

Contains standard, bundled applications and related documentation. The applications on this CD run on 6.5 and 6.5.x releases.

4. IRIX 6.5 Complementary Applications, May 2004

Companion to IRIX 6.5.24 and the IRIX 6.5 Applications CD. The Complementary CD contains various desktop applications and products that are not installed by default.

5. CXFS IRIX Server and Client 3.0 for IRIX 6.5.24

(Required for CXFS feature support)

Contains SGI InfiniteStorage CXFS software for the 6.5.24 maintenance and feature streams. This CD must be ordered separately and is shipped only to customers with a valid CXFS license and support contract.

For further information on this packaging change and CXFS support, go to the following page on Supportfolio: http://support.sgi.com/content_request/155033/index.html .

6. Base Documentation CD, May 2002

(Not for Installation)

This CD lets you view release notes, online books, and man pages before you install or upgrade the operating system. It supersedes any earlier releases of the Base Documentation CD. See the Documentation CD page for details.

Other 6.5.24 CDs

In addition to the CDs listed above, you probably received other CDs with your IRIX 6.5.24 package. If you already have older versions of any of the products on these CDs installed, you should upgrade them during the operating system upgrade. If you do not open them, "conflict" messages (during the upgrade process) will prompt you to open them.

Each of these separate products come with their own installation instructions, and you can load any additional new products or subsystems after the initial operating system upgrade is finished and the system has restarted.

Core IRIX 6.5 CDs

Install the IRIX 6.5 CDs if you are:

- Upgrading to IRIX 6.5.24 from a pre-6.5 version of IRIX
- Or, installing onto a clean disk

Follow the procedure in the Installation Instructions CD booklet that came with your IRIX 6.5.24 software.

1. **IRIX 6.5 Installation Tools CD, June 98**

(Use Only If Installing 6.5 Separately From 6.5.24)

Contains the miniroot and other components necessary to boot the system into the basic installation environment for operating system installs and upgrades. Also contains patches.

Note: To install both 6.5 and 6.5.24 at the same time, do not use the 6.5 Installation Tools CD. Follow the procedure in the Installation Instructions CD booklet.

2. **IRIX 6.5 Foundation 1 CD**

(Must be Installed)

Contains the base operating system, base networking, and Application Binary Interfaces (APIs). Includes execution environment ("eoe") components, which are necessary for the execution of most applications.

3. **IRIX 6.5 Foundation 2 CD**

(Must be Installed)

Contains additional base operating system/execution environment components.

4. **IRIX 6.5 Applications CD**

(Required for Workstations and Some Servers)

Contains standard, bundled applications and related documentation. See the IRIX 6.5 Applications page for more details.

5. **IRIX 6.5 Development Foundation CD**

(For Developers)

Contains products necessary for software development, including libraries, header files, a linker, assembler and other common tools required for hosting software development. This CD contains compiler components necessary for use with the MIPSpro C, C++, Fortran 77 and Fortran 90 compilers (which are purchased separately). See the IRIX Development Foundation (IDF) Release notes for compiler installation notes.

6. **IRIX 6.5 Development Libraries CD**

(For Developers)

Includes additional libraries, header files, sample source code, and documentation. You may need some of these products for compiling your own source code, while others simplify debugging or writing code. Scientific libraries are included as well as OpenGL and the popular ViewKit user interface library.

Note: If you intend to use the compilers, dev.sw.lib (and dev.sw.lib64 for 64-bit development) must be installed.

7. IRIX 6.5 Documentation CD

(Not for Installation)

This CD lets you view release notes, online books, and man pages before you install or upgrade the operating system. See the Documentation CD page for details.

Other 6.5 CDs

In addition to the CDs listed above, you probably received other CDs with your IRIX 6.5 package, depending on your configuration. For example, there are separate CDs for NFS and demos. If you already have older versions of any of these products installed, you should upgrade them during the operating system upgrade. If you do not open them, "conflict" messages (during the upgrade process) will prompt you to open them.

Each of these separate products come with their own installation instructions, and you can load any additional new products or subsystems after the initial operating system upgrade is finished and the system has restarted.

Using the Base Documentation CD

About This CD

For customers with new systems that shipped with this release, new and updated documentation can be viewed offline using the IRIX 6.5 Base Documentation CD.

The IRIX 6.5 Base Documentation CD allows you to access standard release notes, online books, and man pages before you install the system software. You view the documentation directly from the CD; you do not use this CD to install documentation. No license is required to use the tools provided on the CD. (Documentation is installed, by default, with software CDs. To find out about accessing *installed* documentation see General Documentation.)

The IRIX 6.5 Base Documentation CD is not shipped with the IRIX 6.5.x Update Kits. Corresponding book documentation, release note, and man page information can be viewed by customers who have purchased SGI systems through the web on Supportfolio Online at <http://support.sgi.com/irix/6.5> site.

Note: There is a duplicate copy of Start Here on the Base Documentation CD.

Tip: This CD is an ISO9660 standard CD, which means that it can be used in most CD-ROM drives. This allows your IRIX-based system to mount the CD from a variety of remote CD-ROM drives (as long as they are connected to operating systems that support exporting ISO9660 filesystems).

How to Use This CD

1. Login and insert the Base Documentation CD into your CD-ROM drive.
2. Open a shell:
From the Toolchest, choose Desktop > Open Unix Shell.
3. Go to the CDRom directory:

Use the `cd` command:

```
% cd /CDROM
```

Inside of the directory are the six different CD scripts, which you can see listed with the `ls` command:

```
% ls  
CDgrelnotes  CDinsight  CDrelnotes  
CDinfosearch  CDman      CDsgihelp
```

4. Use the CD scripts to access the documentation on the CD. To run any of the scripts, in a UNIX shell, enter `./` followed by the script name.

For example:

```
% ./CDgrelnotes
```

What follows are descriptions of what each of the scripts do:

- **./CDgrelnotes** - launches `[g]relnotes`, which you can use to view Release Notes. You can specify the product name in the command. For example, to view the release notes for Netscape you would enter: **./CDgrelnotes netscape**
- **./CDman** - displays man pages when used like the `man` command. For example, to see the man page on `inst`, enter **./CDman inst**
- **./CDinsight** - launches the online book viewer, `InSight`. Displays the online book library on the CD. **Note:** If you are running IRIX 6.2 on your workstation, you must have version 3.0 of `InSight` or higher in order for this to work.
- **./CDsgihelp** - displays instructions for making `sgihelp` work with the content on the CD. (Involves setting a couple of X-resources in a local `.Xdefaults` file.)
- **./CDinfosearch** - displays instructions for making `InfoSearch` work with the content on the CD. (Involves editing some configuration files.) `InfoSearch` is used for searching and viewing all online books, release notes, and man pages. **You must already be running 6.5 for `CDinfosearch` to work with the content of this CD.**

